

THE JERUSALEM POST

Dayan forum
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Carter calls settlements 'defiance'

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent
WASHINGTON. — President Jimmy Carter's previously submerged attitude towards Israel's establishment of new settlements came into open on Friday when he agreed to a reporter that Israel was aptly defying the U.S. State Department at the same time that it had assured the world that it had begun any new settlements in the territories. Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon's statements to the contrary, following reports that he was in Argentina with President Rafael Videla at the White House, the President was asked whether new Israeli settlements make the peace process more difficult. "This creates additional problems," Carter replied. "I then said that he will be going later this month with the Minister of Agriculture, and his will be one of the items on the agenda," Carter said that the "has taken a consistent stand any years that the establishment of settlements in the occupied territories on the West Bank and Gaza is illegal and, in my view, this creates a problem, I intend to pursue it."

following question: "But despite our stand, in fact it seems to some in defiance of it; they (Israel) persist in doing so." The official White House transcript of the President's response shows Carter as saying: "You've apparently analyzed it very well." But other reporters present during the informal outdoor press conference heard the President say: "You have analyzed it very well." In either case, it is clear that Carter is upset with Israel's attitude. Earlier press reports here, quoting Administration officials, have said that the President regarded Israel's settlement policy as a "slap in the face," although the President has not said so in public. The fact that Carter has agreed that Israel was defying the U.S. — during a public press conference — should be seen as merely "the tip of the iceberg," when it comes to assessing his anger, one informed U.S. source said. Israel ambassador Simcha Dinitz yesterday rejected Carter's assertion that the establishment of new settlements on the West Bank is an obstacle to peace and illegal. The settlements are "merely used as an excuse by the Arabs for not entering into negotiations with Israel," the ambassador told a news conference.

At Friday's State Department press briefing, spokesman Hodding Carter said that the U.S. has been assured by Israel "that no settlements have been established in the occupied territories beyond those announced." In an interview televised on Friday night on the CBS Evening News programme, Sharon kept referring to the West Bank as "our country" and said that no one had a right to tell Israel what it could do "in our country." The reserve general's comments were regarded as provocative by officials here. Drew Middleton, the military analyst for "The New York Times," yesterday said that U.S. and allied military experts are concerned over Arab reaction to Israeli settlements, warning that this might result in an acceleration of military preparations and increased Arab unity. Elsewhere in the article, Middleton said that the Arabs are strengthening their Eastern Front against Israel. Basing himself on "Israeli sources," he said there have been extensive exchanges of officers between the Syrian and Jordanian armies, and that the Iraqis are setting up large arms depots near their border with Jordan. He also spoke of Saudi financing of this war effort.

Sharon: With security belts we can offer more

Jerusalem Post Staff
Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, the chief of settlement in the government, said over the weekend that the belts of settlements he plans will give Israel security it needs to reach "darditions" for peace with the Palestinians. Sharon also again denied a Thursday "Maariv" that he told the settlers that they had gone up in Judea-Samaria in the past month at publicity. "In an official statement yesterday, Sharon said it was ridiculous to get his remarks as meaning established settlements in Israel had a full right to settlements throughout the West Bank, did so openly and continue to do so openly. His statement went on, settlements are a continuous process and the government did not deny the establishment of this or that settlement."

These were announced by the media, on their own initiative, at different stages of their establishment. "This is what had happened with the 'Maariv' interview," he said. There were names that were published before the 'Maariv' interview and names that had not been published," Sharon explained. Explaining the security-belt concept to the Association Press, the Agriculture Minister said that "Israel's existence is no less important than peace," and that settlements in Judea-Samaria "are vital to our existence." They were therefore as important as a formal peace treaty. "The creation of belts of settlements in Judea and Samaria," Sharon told AP, "will give us a sense of security for the first time, and this will allow us to come up with more daring solutions to the question of the Arab population than we can permit ourselves today."

idea to Washington, Sharon said, as part of the Israeli peace package to be presented to President Carter and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance. "They (the settlements) don't close any peace options," he said. "On the contrary, they contribute to peace. Peace means Arabs and Jews living together, that's the only way to peace. And that's what the settlements are doing — bringing Jews and Arabs together." "There can be more daring solutions if Israel can feel secure on vital, strategic terrain," Sharon told UPI. Although he refused to go into details, Sharon, in an interview in Friday's Jerusalem Post, noted that a Jewish settlement belt in thinly-settled Western Samaria would prevent the band of Israeli Arab villages called the Little Triangle from fusing with the Arab centre atop the Samaritan ridge, while another, much larger Jewish belt from the Golan down the Jordan Rift to the southern tip of Sinai would keep Israel from being confined to the narrow Mediterranean coastal strip.

Abbs helped German terror comeback

By BRIAN ARTHUR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent
West Germany's urban terrorism, after a series of setbacks and two years of relative calm at home, has staged a comeback from abroad, following Arab bases of operations. The conclusion of a detailed report of terrorist activities published Friday by the respected "Frankfurter Allgemeine" newspaper, points out that "revolutionaries" have been past two years reorganized, above all, "proving" themselves in the ranks of Palestinian fighting Israel. Against this background, the

newspaper says, that the sudden surge in political violence in the Federal Republic in the last five months, culminating in the kidnapping last Monday of Bonn industrialist Hanns-Martin Schleyer, must be seen. It has been long known to Germany's leftist extremists that they can expect support from Palestinian organizations only after they have established their devotion to the Palestinian cause and to other third world underground movements. The newspaper sees abundant evidence of this strategy, especially in the participation of German ultra-leftists such as Hans-Joachim Klein in the December 1975 attack on OPEC headquarters in Vienna, and of Wilfried Böse in the Arab terrorist seizure of Israeli air

passengers to Entebbe. There have also been reports of German terrorists killed with Palestinian forces during the civil war in Lebanon, and frequent, though unconfirmed, indications of Middle East activities of a key German ultra-leftist, Siegfried Haag. Haag was a lawyer for jailed leaders of the Baader-Meinhof gang, the hard-core of the German terrorist movement until he suddenly "went underground" in 1975. Haag was later arrested and is now awaiting trial for alleged terrorist activities. Among other things he is suspected of having been the "brain" behind the reorganization of the "Red Army Faction," the group behind the Schleyer kidnapping.

Sharon awaiting 'guarantee'

(UPI) — The U.S. has shown verbal "assurances" that Israel will not be with a planned cease-fire with Israeli-backed Lebanese and Palestinian terrorists in Lebanon, Beirut has reported yesterday. American government sources official U.S. guarantee "of a self acceptance of the cease-fire" has been received. They insist President Sarkis would wait a guarantee before sending army regulars to the south cease-fire line envisaging a metre demilitarized zone border with Israel.

More cholera in Jordan; one new case in Jenin

Post Reporter and Agencies
Jordan yesterday reported 38 new cholera cases in an outbreak which has hit other parts of the Middle East. The Jordanian Health Ministry said there were 144 confirmed cases up to last night, but it added that they had all been cured. The ministry statement said no deaths have occurred since the epidemic spread to Jordan from neighbouring Syria, and that 108 cases have been cured and discharged. It said most cholera cases in the country were in Amman, and the village of Kreimeh in the Jordan Valley. In Jerusalem, meanwhile, the Health Ministry has announced a second case of cholera in Samaria. The patient, a 50-year-old woman from Jenin, had returned from a visit to Jordan six days ago. She was taken to Nablus Hospital yesterday where her condition was described as good. The head of Judea/Samaria health services, Dr. Hussein Obied, returned on Friday from Jordan where he went to determine the exact nature of the current outbreak. He received complete cooperation from the authorities in Amman, the Health Ministry said. Officials say no special measures are being taken, but urge people to wash fruit and vegetables thoroughly. Syria has been the worst hit country in the region, with 61 dead so far and nearly 2,000 people affected. Lebanon has announced six confirmed cases, but no deaths.

Looter shot over sweets
JOHANNESBURG (UPI) — The restless black township of Soweto was calm after police on Friday shot and killed a black man suspected of robbing a truck carrying sweets, a police spokesman said yesterday. Maj. Gen. Dawid Kriel, chief of South Africa's riot control operations, said the unidentified man was shot dead by police shotguns when a riot unit broke up a large crowd of blacks who were plundering the lorry near the Holy Cross school in Soweto's suburb of Diepkloof.



Members of the leftist Shelli party collecting money "for the release of other sick prisoners" in a demonstration at Prime Minister Menachem Begin's official Jerusalem residence yesterday to protest against the release of convicted embezzler Yehoshua Bension. Leftist activists also collected signatures against the reduction of sentence outside the city's Hamashbir department store. (Yisraeli)

Hillel: Begin himself sought Bension pardon

Jerusalem Post Staff
Former police minister Shlomo Hillel said over the weekend that Prime Minister Menachem Begin had, while still Opposition leader, asked many times for a pardon for convicted former Israeli-British Bank head Yehoshua Bension. Hillel said, Begin should not have recommended the convicted embezzler for a pardon now that he is temporarily taking care of the Justice Ministry portfolio. Hillel, speaking on Israel Radio, said Begin should have disqualified himself in the case, as a judge does in similar circumstances. He hastened to add that he meant this as no reflection on Begin personally. Meanwhile, Deputy Minister Yoram Aridor, who sees to the day-to-day operations of the Justice Ministry, said the medical report on Bension — sentenced in 1975 to 12

years for stealing \$47m. from the bank — had indicated he needed to have a medical orderly on 10- to 15-minute call in prison if his illness were not to deteriorate to the point of endangering his life. Aridor thought it could be said that the courts had not been aware of this when they sentenced Bension. Aridor also said that President Katzir had asked the Justice Minister for advice on pardoning Bension, and had on a number of occasions expressed his satisfaction that he had the power to pardon the 53-year-old former banker. (On Thursday, members of the Black Panthers leaked what they claimed was a prison medical report made on Bension a month ago, which said there was no medical reason for releasing him from prison. The Health Ministry on Friday asked the Bension — sentenced in 1975 to 12

Egypt seen rejecting Sinai violation charge

By HIRSH GOODMAN
Post Military Correspondent
General Fawzi Silasvuo, Coordinator of UN Forces in the Middle East, has returned to Israel from Egypt with an apparent Egyptian rejection of Israeli charges that the interim Sinai Pact is being violated. Silasvuo left for Cairo on Thursday, carrying with him an official Israeli complaint that the Egyptians have 10,000 extra men in the limited force zone, organized in 16 battalions, instead of the eight battalions allowed by terms of the agreement. This was the fifth Israeli complaint in four months, and followed personal assurances to Prime Minister Begin from War Minister Mohammed Abdul-Ghani Gamasy that the pact was being honoured to the letter. Silasvuo returned to Israel on Friday and apparently brought with him a flat denial from the Egyptians that there were additional men in the area. Israel, however, claims to have proof that its charges are accurate. Last night a senior Israeli defence official declined to comment on the Egyptian reply. A statement is expected this week. (Leader, Page 10)

Ethiopia changes military leaders as war rolls on

NAIROBI (UPI) — Ethiopia announced a major shake-up of its armed forces leadership yesterday, the second reshuffle since Addis Ababa mobilized to repulse a Somali invasion in the south. The radio said Brig. Gen. Taye Tlhamu, formerly air force commander, was named to be the country's new defence minister, replacing Ato Ayalew Mamo, who was named to an ambassadorial post. The new appointments also included a new armed forces chief of staff, and a new commander of the air force. No reason was given for the changes, but it appeared evident that the nation's leadership was hoping for a better performance from the military as fighting intensifies on two fronts. The Ethiopians have lost more than 90 per cent of their southern provinces to the Somalis in about three months and have lost all but three towns in the northern province of Eritrea, where guerrillas are fighting to set up their own country. Somalia, meanwhile, appeared to move closer to declaring all-out war on Ethiopia yesterday when it reported Ethiopian air raids on its territory and for the first time publicly pledged full backing for the guerrillas fighting in Ethiopia. Mogadishu radio, monitored here, said Ethiopian jets attacked the airbase at Hargeisa, Somalia's second city, and damaged a parked Antonov-26 transport aircraft belonging to the Soviet government. Three of the attacking American-built F-5 jets were shot down by missile batteries which ring the airbase some 40 kilometres from the Ethiopian border, the report added. (UPI, Reuter).

Begin rejects Swiss bid for extradition

By DAVID LANDAU
Jerusalem Post Reporter
Prime Minister Menachem Begin has decided not to allow the extradition to Switzerland of Reuven Pesahovitz, an Israeli accused by the Swiss authorities of embezzlement and fraud of over 10m. Swiss francs (about IL42m.). The Jerusalem Post has learned. Begin made this decision in his capacity as acting Minister of Justice. The decision could become controversial, both in Israel and abroad, because it involves Israel's international extradition obligations. It is understood that Begin discounted the advice of Attorney General Aharon Barak and other legal aides in making his decision. Barak last night said only that the decision is within the sole discretion of the Justice Minister and that the attorney-general is not, therefore, formally involved. Begin has pledged that the ministry "will consider" bringing Pesahovitz to trial in Israel once the extradition law is amended. The Swiss Ambassador, Jacques Bernard Ruedi, told The Post last

night that he had been notified verbally on Thursday of Israel's refusal to extradite the suspect. He said he expected to receive an explanatory statement in a day or two. "I can give you therefore only a first and unofficial reaction privately and I must tell you that we are a little disappointed. Pesahovitz has hired first-class lawyers and we fear that he will escape justice. It is difficult to believe that if the Knesset passes a law to try people like him here, that it would be retroactive. Retroactivity is very rare in such legislation," he said. The ambassador added that nobody has promised him that Pesahovitz will be tried and all he has been told is "we shall examine if there is a possibility of trying him here." Legal experts explained last night, however, that retroactivity will not be a problem. The proposed new law on extradition is in effect a jurisdictional measure and will naturally apply to pending cases such as Pesahovitz'. Under the general law, a man can be extradited only if the Justice Minister agrees. If he takes no action within 60 days and the courts do not

Burg to appoint a public committee to study crime

By ASHER WALLFISH
Jerusalem Post Reporter
Interior Minister Yosef Burg is expected to appoint a public committee to study crime in Israel, which will return its recommendations to him within six to eight weeks. This emerged from a meeting on Friday between Premier Menachem Begin and Dr. Burg with the executive of the Likud Knesset faction. The Interior Minister is responsible for the police. Begin said that because of the long and complicated procedure entailed by a state commission of inquiry and because all those ordered to appear would be allowed to bring their lawyers, he did not favour a parliamentary commission which would not return recommendations within a short time. He favoured a

public committee which could be appointed by the Government or by a Cabinet minister. The Asher Committee on the conflict of material interests involving Cabinet ministers was a public committee of the kind referred to by Begin. Burg said that a parliamentary commission was not a good idea because it would have less credibility with the public which would suspect it of political motivations. Burg praised Ehud Olmert, MK, for having brought the crime scene to public attention. The executive told Begin and Burg that the majority in the Likud would have preferred a parliamentary commission. The Cabinet today will continue its discussion of the Bochner report on crime in Israel.

First rains usher in autumn

Jerusalem Post Staff
First rains fell in various parts of the country yesterday as autumn made its debut with partly clouded skies, winds and high waves. Local showers can be expected today, the weatherman said last night. In Tel Aviv and the Dan region there was a heavy downpour for some 15 minutes yesterday noon, though the weather was warm. The rain did not deter the many bathers at the beaches. In Haifa a short but heavy shower fell on Mount Carmel, just before

five in the afternoon, following light rain in Western Galilee after midnight on Friday. In the Safad area rains started at 10.30 in the morning with a heavy shower and continued intermittently for two hours. The downpour took holidaymakers, trippers and the summer birds by surprise, and the exotic honeyeaters sought shelter under the awnings of roofs and even inside houses. At the Mount Canaan meteorological station, 0.5 mms of rain were registered.

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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Partly cloudy, with lower temperatures than normal. Local showers.

	Yesterday's Humidity	Yesterday's Min-Max	Today's Max
Jerusalem	45	16-26	25
Golan	22	17-26	24
Nahariya	61	21-30	24
Safed	62	17-24	24
Haifa Port			
Tiberias	43	21-33	33
Nazareth	49	18-27	26
Afula	49	18-30	30
Shimon	65	18-25	26
Tel Aviv	63	22-32	30
B-G Airport	45	21-30	30
Jericho	36	20-35	33
Gaza	66	21-32	32
Be'er Sheva	58	17-30	30
Eilat	26	22-35	34
Tiran Straits	13	27-35	34

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Outgoing Belgian Consul General Wilfried de Pauw paid a farewell visit to Mayor Teddy Kollek on Thursday.

Muhammad Hourani of Beit Hanina in Jerusalem, on Friday, received the Hebrew University's Rensselaer Prize for his MA seminar paper on "The Attitude of Islam to Jews and Christians."

The Histadrut's Agricultural Centre recently held parties honouring Yehiel Admoni, who has left his post as head of the settlement department in the Jewish Agency, and Moshe Netzer, who has resigned as aide to the Defence Minister.

ARRIVALS

Al Schwimmer, managing director of Israel Aircraft Industries, from a six-week tour of the U.S. and South America on company business.

DEPARTURES

Ramat Gan Mayor Yisrael Peled, for Zurich and Hamburg, where he will attend an international conference of mayors.

Chairman of the Bank Leumi board of directors, Ernst Tefel, for Washington, where he will be an observer at an International Monetary Fund meeting.

Dora Sordani, Jerusalem, Post dance critic, to Johannesburg, to be guest critic of the "Rand Daily Mail" for six weeks.

Dayan: Nobody wants to divide West Bank — except Labour, DMC

By YOSEF GOELL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — "There is not one Jordanian, one Syrian, one Egyptian, or one American, for that matter, who is prepared to consider proposals for the territorial partition of Judea and Samaria between Israel and an Arab state," Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan declared at the Kfar Hamacabiah "forum" yesterday.

Dayan made the statement in answering his own rhetorical question, "What are we arguing about?" He claimed that given the near total foreign opposition to such proposals, which constitute the mainstay of the Labour Party and the DMC's platforms, what divided them from the present government's policy on the territories was really marginal.

"It's true we do not have full consensus on these issues among the mainstream parties," he said. "But that is no reason to fabricate fictitious differences only for the purpose of trying to bring down the government and in the process causing untold harm to our stance abroad in the negotiating process and with the Americans and American Jewry."

The forum was organized by a number of ex-Rafi members who are now members of different parties. The ostensible purpose was to launch a forum for open debate on public issues. It seemed clear however that the audience which gathered yesterday was one of solid Dayan supporters and the debate often sounded like preaching to the converted.

The most prominent of the organizers, Zalman Shoval, MK, of the Likud's La'an faction, promised that there would be many more such

forums in the near future, each devoted to a separate topic. Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism and La'an faction leader Yigal Hurvitz also attended and welcomed the convening of the forum. Close to 1,000 people attended, mostly from ex-Rafi and Moshav Movement circles.

Dayan also criticized President Carter and his advisors for raising the wholly unrealistic prospect of the creation of a Palestinian state that would be linked with Jordan.

"Russeini does not agree to anything of the sort," Dayan said. The Jordanian monarch was compelled at the Rabat Conference to agree to the PLO as sole representative of the Palestinians but he will have absolutely nothing to do with them, Russeini remained steadfast in refusing to meet with Yasser Arafat, he noted.

Dayan declared that the Americans thus perpetuated false hopes for a Palestinian state. The PLO represents the Palestinian refugees in Lebanon and Syria, but they are not from Judea and Samaria and are not demanding to be returned there. What they want, he said, is to return to the areas in Israel proper from which they fled in 1948.

The implication of this situation for Israel, Dayan said, is that she must base her long range foreign policy on Jews and Arabs continuing to live together under Israeli control. The 190,000 refugees in the Gaza

Strip, who are formally stateless because Egypt had denied them citizenship, should be offered Israeli citizenship or the alternative of Jordanian citizenship which would most likely be forthcoming from King Hussein.

Jordan, he noted, is ready to fully absorb the 500,000 refugees in its midst. It is the Americans who failed to back this readiness and thereby perpetuated the problem of the PLO. The other refugees should be resettled in the Arab lands where they now reside: Kuwait, Lebanon and Syria.

Once the refugee problem is solved, Dayan added, it would be possible for Israel to initiate talks with local leaders of the Palestinian population — the locally elected mayors — on arrangements for Jewish-Arab coexistence in the area under Israeli control. The fact that these leaders were today identified as PLO supporters, would not necessarily undermine such talks, he said.

There is no room for such talks at Geneva because that venue will be reserved for negotiations between states.

The Foreign Minister said that Israel was already engaged in the process of peace talks, and from a position of strength: "We aren't asking for an inch of territory from the Arabs; it's they who want something from us and without our voluntary agreement they will get nothing."

There is an alternative to the successful conclusion of such an agreement, he said. It was continuing with the present situation and developing a modus vivendi with the local Arab population.

Boat owners held in Bendel escape

HAIFA (Itim). — The two owners of the Nitzan, the fishing boat upon which Ruth Bendel and her family allegedly escaped the country, were remanded in the Magistrate's Court here on Friday for seven days each. A police representative claimed that Ruth Bendel — whose exit from the country was barred by the Tel Aviv District Court following a dispute over the custody of her child — had been struggling out of the country with the full knowledge of the Nitzan's owners, Zadok Havushi and Leon Krinsky. The captain of the Nitzan, Moshe Rava, and the engineer, Avraham Muntsek, have already been remanded in connection with the escape. Both Havushi and Krinsky denied any connection to the affair.

Yadin says door now closed on coalition talks

The issue of the Democratic Movement for Change joining the government "has been closed" since the DMC sees no positive response to its demands in the latest bout of negotiations, DMC leader Prof. Yigal Yadin said on Friday. Speaking on Army Radio, Yadin said that matters of principle had closed the issue, even though a final decision will be taken after Succot, when the government must man the portfolios left open for the DMC. The unsuccessful prolonged negotiations with the Likud had only harmed the DMC, Yadin said, explaining the dilemmas that confronted the movement when offered coalition partnership. Members of the DMC had made a revolution on Elections Day, Yadin said. The membership had wanted to translate their victory at the polls into action within the cabinet. The DMC's desire to bring about change was so strong, according to Yadin, that it was prepared to do so at an injurious price. But matters of principle had proved stronger, since "the two compromises presented by the Likud" were not, because of principle, sufficient grounds for negotiation.

Police question Hadassah official

Jerusalem Post Reporter
Hadassah Hospital will not dismiss or suspend any official until there is an official police report against him, the hospital's spokesman said yesterday. The spokesman was referring to a report that a senior official of the hospital is suspected by the police of accepting a bribe from a building firm. The firm, Building Decoration Service (BDS) of Tel Aviv, is being investigated, at the request of the hospital, for alleged fraud in its charges for installing acoustic ceiling panels. The police noted that two directors of the firm have been arrested, but no hospital employee is being held. The police said they are investigating the hospital official. A hospital source said that the official in question, as well as others, had been "questioned." The official, who came to Hadassah from the army, is suspected of getting free paneling for the ceiling of his home.

IL4m. bond set for rabbi

TEL AVIV (Itim). — A rabbi suspected of being a central figure in an enormous foreign currency smuggling racket operated by yeshiva students was on Friday ordered to deposit a 4m. bond at the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court before going to Switzerland to visit a sick relative. A police officer told the court that Rabbi Menahem-Mendel Horowitz is suspected of complicity in the illicit trade in cheques received by pensioners from abroad. The policeman said it appears that Rabbi Horowitz is a central figure in the racket, which he described as "complex." He added that since the rabbi is travelling to Switzerland — with which Israel has no extradition agreement — there is need of a large bond to assure his return.

BEGIN REJECTS

(Continued from page one)
grant him more time to decide, the extradition lapses. Last week, the High Court gave Begin an additional week (the two months having already elapsed) to decide whether or not he would permit Pesahovitz' extradition. Begin had requested another two months. Begin wanted the extra time because the Knesset is now considering the law which he tabled ruling out all extradition of Israeli citizens — a law which was inspired by the Pesahovitz case — and not by the Fiat-Sharon case as sometimes stated. (MK Fiat-Sharon is wanted in France in connection with charges involving millions of francs.) If the law is passed, it will provide for the trial in Israel of Israel citizens for offences allegedly committed abroad but whom Israel refuses to hand over. This is the situation that prevails in many countries, including Switzerland. Pesahovitz was arrested in June 1970 after the Swiss Federal Police informed the Israel Police that he was wanted on suspicion of obtaining a large loan from the Union Bank of Switzerland under false pretences during 1968 and 1969. Pesahovitz was released on bond pending receipt of an official extradition request. The bank said Pesahovitz put up 41 "rare paintings" as collateral — but the paintings were later found to be worthless.

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At the start of the hunting season in Galilee, two hunters pose with their bag of rock partridges. (IPFA)

Ehrlich says gov't aim to abolish economic controls

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich has told American Jewish leaders that the new Israeli government will seek "to abolish as far as possible all restrictions and controls on the economy," adding that the government planned "to adapt our economic structure to the patterns of the American economy, in keeping with the special circumstances in Israel." Addressing the opening session of the 1977 international fall leadership conference of the Israel Bond Organization in Atlanta on Friday, Ehrlich said that one of the principal aims of his government is to phase out state control and ownership of certain economic enterprises and to expand "government participation in building up the infrastructure of our economy."

He did not say which enterprises the government hopes to denationalize. In his first public appearance in the U.S. since assuming office, Ehrlich declared that Israel's economic policies will place greater emphasis on free enterprise. He appealed for increased U.S. private capital investment in Israel. Prime Minister Menachem Begin, in a message delivered for him to the more than 700 Jewish leaders, called for continued purchase of Israel Bonds "in our joint partnership to build a healthy economy and eradicate poverty from our society." Begin said that Israel Bonds "gave us the tools to build and develop our economy. They remain an indispensable instrument for the future."

Bonds General Chairman Sam Rothberg reported that, since 1961, Israel Bonds has provided \$7.6 for the country's industrial and agricultural development programme. Redemption to date amounts to \$1.5b., he said.

BEGIN SOUGHT

(Continued from page one)
police to investigate how the report was leaked. The ministry's director-general said leaking a medical report without the patient's consent was a criminal offence, and that a check had disproved the Panther claim that a ministry official had supplied the report.

Misreading, retired Supreme Court Justice Zvi Berenson said that the court had been aware of Benion's condition when it sentenced him in 1975, and might otherwise have imposed an even stiffer sentence. He added that for some years a veritable "pardon-mill" had been operating in Israel. The country's judges could not openly complain about this, but they had some time ago arranged to approach "the then Justice Minister" (apparently Labour MK Haim Zadok) over this. The meeting, however, never took place.

Zadok, speaking on Israel Television, said on Friday that he did not think a presidential pardon was the proper way to free a prisoner on health grounds. For this there was a special commission headed by a district court judge, he said, which reported to the Police Minister, who would then make the decision. He added that "as conditions should be the same for both rich and poor prisoners, such decisions should be made on the basis of an 'objective physician's' report, not on the word of the prisoner's private doctor."

In discussing the pardon on Thursday, Prime Minister Begin had noted that Benion's physician had described the prisoner as "a very sick man whose life expectancy is short even under the best conditions," which were not available in prison.

CHESTERFIELD
TASTES GREAT
SMOKES MILD
They Say

Two years for 2-time Fatah n

HEBRON (Itim). — For the Fatah terror organization serving a four-year prison term membership in the same group was sentenced last week to a two-year term. The court said passing a heavier sentence might otherwise have done. Awarida, originally sentenced in 1972, was caught red-handed way back from an arms-cache Fatah headquarters had him to visit. He was also found of recruiting other villagers terror organization.

Jail terms for sold convicted of sodom

TEL AVIV (Itim). — Six convicted for terrorizing a mitting sodomy on a fellow military prison were a Thursday to jail terms ranging from six to three years. Citing what they call negligence in the jail's management, the military judges at the Army Court sentenced David and Haim Ganan to six years each for committing indecent acts, and assault on a soldier. Michel Nahm sentenced to four years in Amman Amir, Avraham H. Albert Abih were sentenced years' imprisonment each. The court recommended a commission of inquiry to its conditions at the jail.

Bulgarians in Bat

BAT YAM (Itim). — A Bulgarian delegation — it visit Israel since Bulgaria diplomatic relations in on Thursday attended a Bul celebration in Bat Yam, centres of Israel's large ex-Bulgarian Jews. Delegation head Zvezko told a packed Azma'u audience of the success composers and painter Bulgaria's small remnant community, and of a film how Bulgaria subverted murder programme in Wo. The other member of the is Kraso Bessalov, of Council for External Relations and Friendship.

Israeli, Arabs, at scientific seminar

WASHINGTON (JTA). — Eight Arabs will be among foreign participants from attending a training course on the use of images remotely sensed data and spacecraft and aircraft of environmental conditions. The U.S. Interior Department's geological survey announced the participants. One of the participants is Bonnie, lecturer in hydro water resources development, Aviv University.

In deep sadness and grief we announce the sudden passing of
MAX GINIGER
The funeral will leave tomorrow, Monday, September 12, 1977 at 10 a.m. from the funeral parlour, 5 Rehov Dafna, Tel Aviv for the cemetery in Kiryat Shaul.
His wife Judith Giniger and the family.
Please refrain from condolence visits

We mourn the sudden passing of the founder and manager
of our company
MAX GINIGER
Taya House
Management and
Staff

Our beloved
SELMAR (Shalom Mordechai) NEUMAN
passed away in Berlin on 21 Elul, 5737.
The coffin will arrive at Lod airport today at 3 p.m.
The funeral procession will depart at 5 p.m. today, 28 Elul, 5737, September 11, 1977 from the Sfat Emet Yeshiva 26 Rehov Yosef Matityahu, Jerusalem for the cemetery on Har Hamenuhot.
The Family

We sadly announce the sudden passing in Brooklyn, New York on September 9, 1977 of
BERNARD (BIDDLE) COHEN
The funeral will be held in Israel.
For details concerning the funeral arrangements, please call Tel. 03-414801 or 04-201984.
Wife — Selma
Sons — Ben Zion (Butch) and Chaim (Harold)

Irene Kron thanks all relatives and friends for their kind sympathy on the passing of her husband
HEINZ KRON
and extends greetings for the New Year.

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But with a lot of taste
MERIT
"Enriched Flavour" process combines flavour with mildness in a new American cigarette — MERIT
"Mildness" and "Taste"; are they mutually exclusive? Can a cigarette be mild without losing the taste?
It is normally found that the milder and more delicate tobacco, the less the taste. This sometimes in smokers to give up mild cigarettes and to smoke cigarettes with flavour.
In order to solve the conflict between "taste" and "mildness" at Philip Morris Inc. (the makers of Marlboro) undertook a lengthy research program to isolate and identify the components of cigarette smoke. This research turned up a very surprising result!
It was shown that some of these components make big contribution to the taste but contain very little nicotine. Accordingly, they developed a process for enriching the taste of these components, at the expense of nicotine — and thus the "enriched flavour" process was created, and that led to the manufacturing of MERIT.
The only cigarette of its type in which mildness is combined with wonderful taste and maximum smoking pleasure.
"Tobacco statistician John Maxwell stated that "Merit will probably sell more than eight million units this year (1977) and will probably turn out to be the most successful new introduction TOBACCO REPORTER, Feb. 77
"Enriched flavour" — a special process for enriching the flavour of a very mild cigarette. Made in U.S.A.

THIS WEEK

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accumulating up to
IL1,000,000
This week, draw at 22 noon
on Monday.
Last day for handing in
Lotto entries —
TODAY, SEPT. 11
היום, 11 בספטמבר

Rosh Hashana begins sundown tomorrow

By JUDY KROGER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Rosh Hashana 5738 begins at sundown tomorrow, ushering in two years of prayer, introspection, good deeds and quiet reflection. Additionally, this birthday of the world and the time of judgment for mankind, the New Year marks the onset of the Ten Days of Atonement that culminate in Yom Kippur.

Shofarot (ram's horns) are being added for synagogue services, and their 100 trills stir consciences and repent for sins of the past year. Apples and honey have also been prepared to symbolize the hope for a sweet New Year. Along with megranim to represent the expectation that one's good deeds will plentiful like the seeds of the fruit, the country's 7,800 synagogues will be filled for services, with many worshippers paying from IL40 to 150 per seat. Most Sephardi synagogues charge no fee, since services are led by members who hunt for tickets in Ashkenazi congregations are expensive.

Generally, the holiday is a time of family and friends, and the proximity of the feast the Torah.

Worshippers wearing kippot over their prayer shawls, a sight that came familiar since the High Holy Days after the Yom Kippur war, will be visible this New Year as well. Most rabbis have ruled that adding of weapons to prayer synagogues on the holiday is permitted. A Guard volunteer has been assigned to congregations around the country.

Jerusalem police commander Zvi Ben-Elihu noted last week that his force had special preparations to ensure security of pilgrims to the Western Wall and the Temple Mount in the capital during the holiday, called for increased vigilance and asked citizens to report all suspicious objects found in the street.

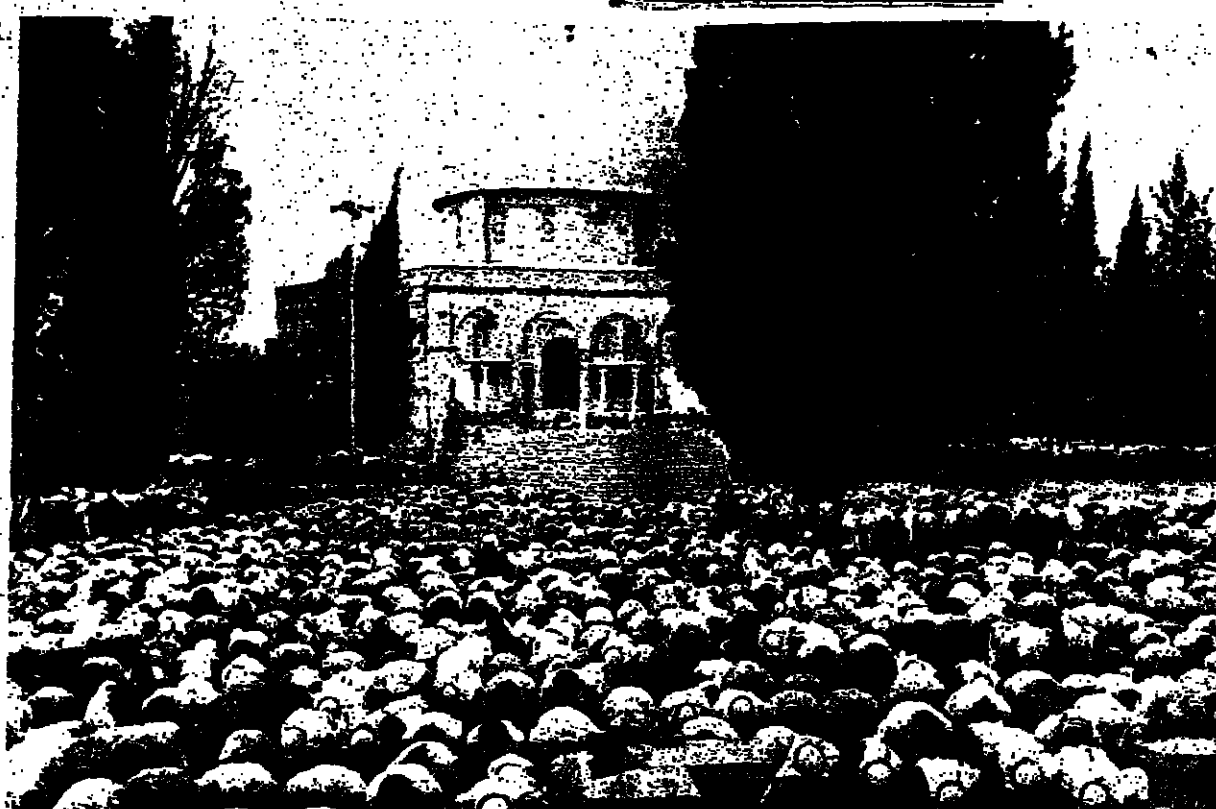
Hotels and recreation areas will be crowded for the holiday, especially in Jerusalem. Rabbi Moshe Saligson, national hotel kashrut inspector for the chief rabbinate, has instructed all hotel managers in how to meet their guests' requirements for observing Rosh Hashana.

On Tuesday afternoon, traditional Jews will walk to the nearest body of water and fulfill the words of the prophet Micah by symbolically "casting their sins into the depths of the sea." One explanation of the Jewish custom is that the fish in the sea, whose eyes never close, are a reminder of the ever-watchful eyes of God whose ways look down on His children in mercy.

Over a thousand holiday prayer books have been distributed by the Absorption Ministry to Soviet immigrants in absorption centers and those arriving during the Rosh Hashana period at Ben-Gurion Airport. Volunteers are also distributing among the newcomers bottles of honey, greeting cards and booklets explaining the holiday traditions.

Habad Hassidim have spread through the country, visiting army bases and immigrant centers for the holiday "mitva missions." At the bidding of the Lubavitcher Rebbe, they will conduct services and blow the shofar in far-off areas. A mobile synagogue is being set up in Rome where Habadniks will organize services for Russian Jewish emigrants. Others will visit communities in the U.S. where Israeli yordim (emigrants) are concentrated.

Egged announced that it has readied a fleet of 3,600 buses to bring passengers to their destinations before and after Rosh Hashana, with most inter-city routes getting vehicular reinforcements. The bus cooperative urges travellers to leave early.



Thousands of Moslems from Israel, the administered territories and neighbouring countries pack the compound of al-Aksa in Jerusalem's Old City to mark the last Friday of the fast month of Ramadan. The month, during which Moslems fast from dusk to dawn, will end Tuesday with the three-day Id el-Fitr festival. Picture shows male worshippers outside the jammed al-Aksa Mosque. Women prayed in front of the Dome of the Rock Mosque in the background.

Policemen held as terror suspects

JERICHO (Itim). — Three Arab policemen from the Jericho police station were arrested last week by security forces on suspicion of membership in terrorist organizations.

The three policemen are suspected of providing terror organizations with details of army movements in the Jericho area.

Half of MKs' pay to party

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Labour Party Knesset members have contributed half of one month's pay to a fund-raising campaign the party has started to help its finances.

Appeals to workers to contribute to the fund will be made through their shop committees, the party's bureau decided on Thursday. It was also resolved to request membership dues from everyone "as an educational act which brings the party member closer to the party."

A discussion on "Right and Left in the Labour Movement" will be held at Beit Berl on Thursday. It will be the first in a series of monthly ideological discussions.

Labour Party chairman Shimon Peres announced the schedule for the next six meetings of the central committee, which will meet on the first Thursday of every month. The subject of the meeting scheduled for October will be the forthcoming national convention of the Histadrut.

The party's stand on municipal elections will be discussed by Shlomo Hillel, former minister of the Interior and Police, in November. Discussion on settlement policy will be outlined by Yisrael Galili in December. A discussion of general policy will be held in March.

Patt: Major changes needed to prevent El Al close-down

No minor alterations in El Al's management or staff committees could improve the situation in what is basically a very sick company, Construction Minister Gideon Patt said yesterday.

El Al's labour-management problems will be discussed in today's Cabinet meeting.

Patt, who heads the ministerial El Al committee, told Israel Radio's weekly newscast that even if the company is not closed down, as he threatened last week, it needs basic reorganization in depth. El Al's future is "tipped on the scales," Patt said, with the slightest disruption in service sufficient cause for the Government to close down the airline.

If the company is closed down it will mean stopping flights with a return to normal service after a week. The necessary overhaul, if not attainable through negotiations, will be done by closing down El Al and opening a new "healthy" company, he said.

Referring to rumours that company president Mordechai Ben-Ari would be replaced as part of house cleaning, Patt said that El Al's problem is "structural and not personal." Ben-Ari's job has not been offered to anyone, he said, adding that whoever proposes replacing one or another of the company's managers or firing part of the board of directors is in effect contributing to the old system of patching up the defects, Patt said.

Patt outlined four conditions, which, if accepted by the management and workers, would prevent having to close the company down. One, forming a joint staff committee to replace the eight existing bodies. Two, instituting an obligatory disciplinary code. Three, laying down guidelines for solving labour disputes and, finally, agreement by the workers to accept the authority of the management.

Bitan Roseman, head of the maintenance workers committee, appearing on the same programme, did not deny "that something is rotten" in El Al but blamed the management for the situation.

Roseman proposed closing down the company for a limited period in order to achieve the necessary improvements.

THE JEWISH NATIONAL FUND has planted a garden of trees at the International Women's Forest near Tur'an in Galilee in memory of the victims of Rumania's earthquake.

MIFAL HAPAYIS's Operating Fund has announced for construction hospitals and schools — have reached IL8,000m., the state lottery reported on Friday.

Little UK reaction to news of Begin visit

By HYAM COONEY
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

Begin from coming. But they will clearly indulge in a character assassination exercise when he is here, portraying him as a "murderer of Arabs" and of British policemen.

Memories of Begin's last visit here — five years ago, when he was merely the Opposition leader and not short his stay because of hostile demonstrations — are still fresh. At that time, even some Jews, supporters of Mapam and of Matzpen, joined in the attacks. This time, however, British Mapam president Itzhak Nathani says he "doubts whether anything of that nature" will happen.

However, Nathani did say Mapam would consider boycotting any official Jewish communal welcome for Begin. "It's not our simcha," he told me.

Eric Moonman, MP, chairman of the Zionist Federation and like many other British Zionists a Labour man, said he was pleased that the invitation from Britain had come after that of America, and that Israel's Premier would have a chance of talking to Britain's. He, too, did not think any Jews would join in anti-Begin demonstrations, though he felt that some might boycott the visit.

He said however that Begin would have to be "very careful and circumspect" if he wanted to impress the British public. "I don't know that his charisma will work here in the way that it did in America," Moonman said. He also thought that representations would be made to the Prime Minister on religious matters such as any possible change in the Law of Return, and warned that "some of us will not be so easily put off" as he said Rabbi Alexander Schindler and U.S. Jewry were.

Lord Fisher, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jewry and another Labour man, wholeheartedly welcomed Begin's visit. "I'm sure it can only do good and that he will make an excellent impression," he said.

One of the people most closely concerned with promoting Israel's image in Britain told me that while the visit was clearly going to be controversial and "our enemies will seize on it," he nevertheless thought that the sooner Begin came and cleared the air, the better.

100 on JIA mission next month

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — Three hundred top men of the Joint Israel Appeal will sail for London on a six-day "30th Anniversary" mission.

They will be guests of the Army in the Air Force and the mayors of London and Tel Aviv. Prime Minister Begin will give a new at the Knesset on the eve of group's departure.

The annual Kol Nidre campaign was launched at meetings in London and Manchester by Chief Rabbi Moshe Rosen of Rumania, who came to London for the occasion. The appeal, the biggest mass collection for Israel, has a target of £1m. and the proceeds are earmarked for children's projects in Israel.

Rabbi Rosen said: "Your invitation to me is a symbol of Jewish solidarity and unity." He also revealed that Britain's chief rabbi, Immanuel Jakobovits, will visit Rumania after Succot.

Imm group oppose closing Absorption

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The signatures of 44 new immigrant professors and doctors are petition against closing down Absorption Ministry offices in Israel last week to Prime Minister Golda Meir.

A delegation of the signatures, led by Grisha Feigin, head of the Immigrants Association, told that absorption must be handled by the government and not the Jewish Agency. (Arts, Dabim, the Agency's treasurer, has argued for months that the job should be transferred to a semi-autonomous absorption authority that would be controlled by the Agency.)

The immigrant professors and doctors, who come from Russia, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, Bulgaria, Poland and the U.S., said the ministry should be given more authority in order to succeed. They insisted that the absorption minister be appointed to head a ministerial committee on absorption.

Nadel wants libel suit thrown out

TEL AVIV (Itim). — Journalist Yehuda Nadel has asked the District court here to dismiss a IL500,000 libel suit filed against him by former Chief of Staff Mordechai Gur. Nadel's suit was filed against Gur for claiming that Nadel had been active in Iraq at the time of the 1950s.

Nadel had claimed in his suit that since he was one of the Israeli soldiers who were active in Iraq at the time, Nadel's allegations had harmed his political career. Nadel's lawyer claims that several papers already published stories about Nadel's alleged activities in Iraq before his arrest.

Allegations appeared in "Ezra" magazine, a journal of the Sephardi and Oriental Jewish communities. No suit had been filed against these papers, Nadel says.

Ben-Porat had not been named or even hinted at in Nadel's article, the journalist says, which removes justification for a suit against him. The allegations about the Israeli agents' actions in Iraq are of so serious and complicated a nature that the government, and not the courts, should use its resources to find out what really happened, Nadel says.



Chief of Staff Mordechai Gur pins the insignia of rank on the outstanding cadet in a passing out parade at the end of a Civil Defence officers' course.

Congress will OK arms to Egypt

WASHINGTON. — The U.S. Congress will discuss but is not expected to oppose the administration's proposed \$250m. arms sale to Egypt — which includes 12 reconnaissance drones, 14 C-130 military transport planes and sophisticated photography equipment.

Under U.S. law, Congress has 30 days to block the sale by approving concurrent resolutions of disapproval in both houses. But informed congressional sources do not believe such an effort will be made, and say the sale will go through.

The picture-taking pilotless drones will be able to fly 500 kms. from Egypt at a speed of over 1,000 kms. an hour and then return to their launching area, where the film would be developed. These drones would be the first Egypt has acquired.

Last year the U.S. supplied Egypt with six C-130 transports. The additional 14 now being proposed would give Egypt two squadrons of the planes, which can be used for carrying both troops and equipment.

Israel student body in U.S. reorganizes

NEW YORK. — In the wake of an organizational shakeup earlier this year that saw the dismissal of Yairiv Ben-Eliezer as its national secretary, the Israel Students Organization is now being incorporated as an independent, non-profit organization.

This was reported last week by Lior Yaron, 25, who succeeded Ben-Eliezer five months ago as secretary of the ISO in the U.S. and Canada.

Ben-Eliezer, 36, a grandson of David Ben-Gurion, was dismissed last February under circumstances that led to his filing a court suit and a public exchange of charges with the ISO.

Following Ben-Eliezer's departure, the organization reduced its staff from six to two persons, Yaron said.

Yaron said the ISO has hired a New York firm of accountants to audit its books. He said the organization is now funded solely by membership fees from its 3,000 members and from the proceeds of advertising in its bulletin.

The ISO and three former officials were named together with the State of Israel as defendants in a \$518,786 lawsuit which Ben-Eliezer filed last week in the New York State Supreme Court. He is claiming breach of contract over his dismissal as well as damages for "false and defamatory matter" circulated about him.

He linked the latter charge to a newsletter circulated last winter by ISO officials in New York to other branches of the students organization. The newsletter complained of Ben-Eliezer's failure to convene constituent bodies of the ISO.

Ben-Eliezer served as secretary of the students organization from 1972 until his suspension in mid-December of 1976 and his dismissal in February. His term was due to expire in March 1978.

The suit does not refer to a report drawn up by a committee that conducted a two-month probe into the ISO's finances.

The committee was composed of two Israeli lawyers then in New York, Ami Gliniger and Yitzhak Gal-Or, and an Israeli doctoral student at Columbia University, Dov Frishberg. They were assisted by an outside lawyer and an accountant, according to sources here.

Their 150-page report was submitted early this year to the ISO's national committee. A copy also went to the State Comptroller.

Yaron characterized Ben-Eliezer's charges as "totally false." He said the ISO would probably reply to the court suit with a counterclaim, charging mismanagement during Ben-Eliezer's term of office and seeking damages for the "serious harm caused the good name of the organization."

Dutch Jews protest against PLO

THE HAGUE (UPI). — Talks of two representatives of the Palestine Liberation Organization with members of the Dutch Lower House sign affairs committee scheduled next Thursday have generated furious protests from some Jewish religious communities in the Netherlands.

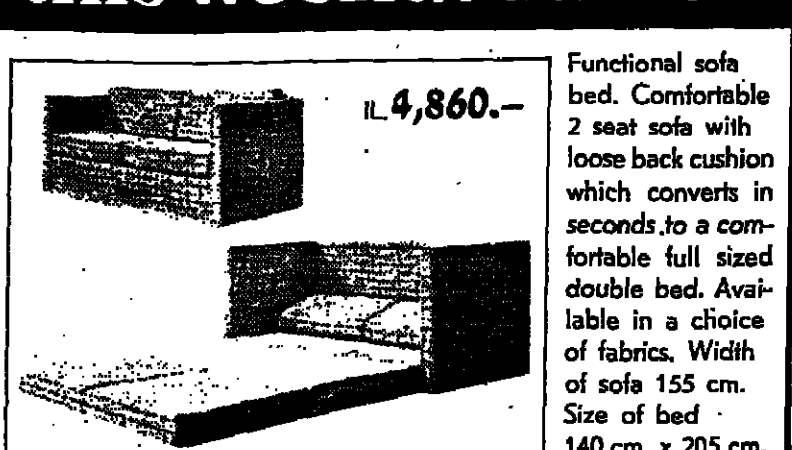
He communities have distributed a statement saying they rejected the "because highly questionable that it is desirable to wait with PLO, which openly strives for the creation of the State of Israel."

He request two months ago from the PLO offices in Paris and asks respectively, to be received by the Lower House committee was accepted on basis of the informal procedure often applied to meetings with liberation movements. Under this procedure individual members saying they are interested may take part, officials explained.

There is no agenda for the meeting, but it is generally assumed that the PLO would like to have an office in Holland.

The officials said it was likely the two PLO delegates wanted to sound out the committee as to opening an office. The officials expected that on basis of the soundings the PLO would decide whether to approach Foreign Minister Max van der Stoep.

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HAPPY LANDING IN THE NEW YEAR

SWISSAIR Israel Representation

Beame bounced in N.Y. mayoral primary vote

NEW YORK (AP). — Mayor Abraham Beame, New York's first Jewish mayor, was rejected for reelection on Thursday in the closest, most crowded Democratic mayoral primary in the city's recent history.

Congressman Edward Koch and New York Secretary of State Mario Cuomo won their ways into a runoff election for the party's nomination to succeed him.

The 71-year-old Beame's tenure as the 104th mayor of New York ended when he was able to carry only his home borough of Brooklyn. It was the first time in 25 years that a New York mayor had been turned out of office, and it ended a public career that began in 1946. Beame's term was marked by the city's gravest financial crisis since the great depression.

Koch, 52, congressman from the wealthy East Side, led the primary with 20 per cent of the vote. Cuomo, 45, backed by Governor Hugh Carey, trailed by one percentage point with all but 15 of 478 precincts counted. Since neither candidate got the required 40 per cent of the total vote, they will fight it out for the Democratic nomination in a September 19 runoff.

The surprise of the Democratic primary was the collapse of former congresswoman Bella Abzug's candidacy. She was the favorite in most polls for weeks prior to the balloting.

The first woman ever to run for mayor of New York, Mrs. Abzug, 57 — her trademark a floppy wide-brimmed hat — was an abrasive candidate. She ended up with only 16 per cent of the primary vote, trailing

Cuomo and Koch by some 20,000 votes.

In a two-way Republican contest, State Senator Roy Goodman, 47, won nomination with 68 per cent of the vote over radio talk show host Barry Farber with 44 per cent. Both GOP candidates will be on the November ballot, however, because Farber has the Conservative Party nomination.

Also in the Democratic race were Manhattan borough president Percy Sutton, the first black to make a major bid for the mayor's job, Herman Badillo, 48, a Puerto Rican who lost to Beame in 1973, and Joel Barnett, a businessman and civic activist making his first try for public office.

Cuomo and Beame had campaign funds of more than \$1m. each, with the other candidates spending about \$4m. among them. The Republican outlay was estimated at less than \$300,000. The mayor of New York earns \$80,000 a year.

During Beame's four years as mayor the city fought off threatened municipal bankruptcy, a problem Beame claimed he inherited from his predecessor, John Lindsay.

Economy-forced cuts in police and fire protection came amid rising crime against the elderly. During the campaign, mass killer "son of Sam" terrorized the city and looting and burning was widespread during the city's July 14 power failure.

However, these issues apparently were of less concern to New Yorkers than jobs or financial problems. Pre-election polls showed a greater concern with both than with crime. The polls indicated that 23 per cent of the registered Democrats in the city could not identify a principal campaign issue.

Fireworks, crowds welcome Torrijos after signing of Panama Canal treaty

PANAMA CITY (AP). — Tens of thousands of jubilant Panamanians jammed downtown streets on Friday to welcome Gen. Omar Torrijos home from Washington and show their support for the new Panama Canal Treaty.

"I have completed my mission," Torrijos told the crowd after his white force helicopter landed him on the roof of the Museum of the Panamanian Man near the speakers' platform on Central Avenue.

"The treaty is an honorable solution. It is as honorable as a solution reached through a struggle of liberation," Torrijos told the crowd over the din of amplified Caribbean-beat music blaring from the backs of a dozen flatbed trucks.

Sirens wailed, fireworks crackled like gunfire and thousands cheered and chanted as Torrijos spoke, his

comments barely audible above the noise.

He called on all Panamanians to "take an understanding attitude" toward the inhabitants of the Canal Zone, just one block away from the rally.

"The error that they have committed does not justify us committing an equal error. We cannot judge or condemn others because they do not know the truth," he said.

By error he apparently meant Wednesday's march of mourning by Canal Zone residents to coincide with the treaty signing in Washington.

Torrijos praised what he called "the great moral force of President Carter." He said that in private conversations in Washington, Carter had told him, "You have been very patient and in my name ask the forgiveness of the Panamanian people."

Amin's 'coma' said faked to avoid criticism of executions

NAIROBI. — Ugandan President Idi Amin may have faked a coma to avoid criticism from fellow Moslems for Friday's public execution of 15 men in Kampala.

Many Amin watchers now believe that Amin and his adviser, British-born Major Robert Astles, devised the story to deflect attention from the firing squad execution and to create sympathy for the 51-year-old dictator.

Moslems outside the country had appealed to King Khalid of Saudi Arabia and President Anwar Sadat of Egypt to intercede to prevent the executions taking place during the holy Islamic month of Ramadan.

Ugandan officials reported on Thursday that Amin was in a coma after an operation and had been taken to a hospital on an island in Lake Victoria for security reasons.

But Uganda Radio made no mention of his health, and diplomatic sources in Kampala voiced doubt over whether he was seriously ill. The diplomats said that if Amin were believed to be unconscious he might not be held responsible for the executions he had authorized.

The 15 men were shot before a crowd of thousands at Clock Tower Square on Kampala's outskirts. Thirteen had been found guilty of treason and two of murder. They went before the firing squad chanting songs in their native language.

Diplomats in Kampala began to have doubts about Amin's illness after seeing a television film of him undergoing a minor operation on Wednesday apparently to remove a blemish from his neck. They said that only a local anaesthetic was used and that Amin walked away from the operating table. (AP, Reuters)

Moluccan districts sealed after violence in Holland

ASSEN, The Netherlands (UPI). — Special police units sealed off the South Moluccan districts of Assen and Bovenamille yesterday to stage a house-to-house search for weapons after violence scarred the trial of accused Moluccan terrorists earlier in the week.

One policeman was hit by a bullet in the thigh by sniper fire. Police detained 22 South Moluccans. Some had been found in possession of arms and others were arrested in a house from which shots had been fired, police said.

Backed by armoured cars, half-tracks and police dogs, hundreds of state troopers and police cordoned off Moluccan neighbourhoods in Assen and Bovenamille. Special police squads in bullet-proof jackets searched homes as half-tracks uprooted trees to improve visibility and engineering troops moved in with mine detectors to search for buried weapons.

It was at Bovenamille, last spring, where a gang of South Moluccans seized the elementary school. Along with another group of Moluccans that hijacked a train nearby, they took some 180 hostages.

More than 50 hostages were held nearly three weeks in the longest mass hostage drama on record — which was ended by a bloody Dutch Marine attack.

The violence that flared earlier last week was in protest over the trial of the surviving hijackers.

Police said that the trial of the surviving hijackers was a "show trial" and that the defendants were "extortionate prices."

Labour Party lawmaker Marcus Lipton appealed to consumers to report "these bread bully boys" to the price-watch authorities and to boycott them "when things return to normal."

The bakery workers want a paid day off on the legal one-day holidays known as Bank Holidays. There were two such holidays this year, the first Monday in June and the last in August. The employers offer an optional day off and extra pay for working the Bank Holidays, which they say is essential for the public to have a fresh bread supply (UPI, AP)

dependent bakers, said if the union stops flour supplies "there will be no bread by Wednesday."

He criticized some bakers who were charging "extortionate prices."

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Mrs. Henriette Weinberger Marx, mother of Moshe Weinberger, one of the 11 Israeli athletes slain at the Munich Olympics, mourns last Thursday before a memorial plaque at the site of the killings. It was the fifth anniversary of the murders. (AP radiophoto)

German denounce 'rabid' fc

BOON (UPI). — West yesterday buried the 11 most recent urban terror deaths while calling on the use of all means at their disposal to get in touch with the "rabid enemies" still holding a dustrialist hostage.

The last officially acknowledged communication from Army Faction "gang" four men and 14 dustrialist Hans-Martin on Monday evening newspaper and a new Friday morning.

Late Friday, the nominated Geneva la Payot as a go-between nappers. But as of now the abductors had agreed to get in touch with the Payot, possibly for fear themselves.

At a memorial service yesterday morning for bodyguards killed by t Baden-Wuerttemberg, nor Hans Filbinger said use all of the means at the democratic state in against the insane destr of a small minority of enemies. With this attitude reached the point at limited letting them away and this mindless must have an end."

The terrorists kidnap a former SS-man and a of the Employers Association of Cologne on Monday. The government on Tuesday the release of Meinhof gang terrorist in return for Schley given to a church dean Hesse. The other left newspaper "Fr Rundschau" and a national news agency from Mannheim.

As tension grew, tightened security at other individuals cons targets of further tacks.

Opec states smoothing way for new price increase

CARACAS (Reuters). — Visits here by Arab oil ministers — before a scheduled meeting of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec) at the end of the year — are connected with attempts to prevent a new rift within Opec, according to oil sources here.

Venezuelan President Carlos Andres Perez and Oil Minister Valentin Hernandez will host the meeting at a hotel near Caracas on December 20. It was at a similar meeting last December that 11 of the oil-exporting countries raised their prices by 10 per cent while the other two — Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) — limited their increase to five per cent.

The result then was a crisis from which Opec only recovered last July when Saudi Arabia and the UAE agreed to bring their prices in line with the rest.

In return, the other 11 dropped an additional five per cent increase they had proposed for July 1.

The oil sources here noted that it is precisely those ministers — from Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the UAE — who, together with Venezuela played prominent roles in the crisis — who are going to be visiting Hernandez.

Although their visits had been due for some time, the fact they were taking place before the Opec meeting suggests they were discussing price policy for next year.

The talks started with a visit last month by the youthful oil minister of the UAE, Dr. Mana Said al-Oteifi, and are expected to continue with visits by Saudi Arabian oil minister Zaki Yamani and Qatar Oil Minister Abdul Aziz al-Thani.

Sheikh Abdul Aziz, who came up with the formula which saved Opec from breaking up last July, is due here at the end of this month.

Saudi Arabia's powerful Sheikh Yamani is expected around the end of October or early in November.

The fact that the UAE and Saudi Arabia, which resisted last year's attempt to raise Opec prices, are taking part in these talks, points to efforts by Venezuela to ensure everything goes smoothly this time.

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Actor Zero Mostel dies at 62

PHILADELPHIA. — Veteran stage and screen actor Zero Mostel died on Thursday at Jefferson Hospital here. He was 62. The cause of death was tentatively attributed to cardiac failure.

Besides his appearances as Tevye in "Fiddler on the Roof," Mostel's career was distinguished by his performances in "Ulysses in Nighttown" and "Rhinoceros" off Broadway, and in the Broadway musical and movie "A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum."

Born Samuel Joel Mostel on February 28, 1915, in Brooklyn to a family headed by a rabbi, he was said to have won his nickname for the marks he got at school.

Before going into the theatre, Mostel worked in a factory and as a dock worker. He found stage work in Greenwich village clubs and made his Broadway debut in a vaudeville production, "Keep 'em Laughing," in 1942. In 1943 he came to Hollywood with "Daddy Was a Lady."

But his budding career was brought to a halt by the Hollywood blacklist.



Zero Mostel, in one of his many character roles.

He became an accomplished painter and later, despite his bitterness at the blacklist, credited the stage with giving him enough money to paint.

When returned to Broadway, it was with a vengeance. He created Tevye in "Fiddler on the Roof" and it was hailed as one of Broadway's greatest performances.

He won an award for the role of the poor Russian Jew beset by more woes than man can cope with. It was in that play that he made famous the song, "If I Were a Rich Man."

Last year, he appeared in a revival of "Fiddler" across the U.S. which culminated in his triumphant return to Broadway.

He was in Philadelphia for his latest Broadway-bound play, "Merchant," a modern version of Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice" by British playwright Arnold Wesker. (AP, Reuters)



RAMOT SHAPIRA
WORLD YOUTH ACADEMY

We are pleased to inform our overseas friends that the

First Annual Endowment Trust Fund Dinner

will be held at the Hilton Hotel, Jerusalem

on Sunday, September 18, 7 p.m.

Guest of Honour: Dr. Eliezer Shapira

Greetings: Dr. Yosef Burg, Minister of the Interior

Message: Sir Israel Brodie, Chief Rabbi Emeritus, British Commonwealth

A Scholarship Fund in honour of Rabbi Israel Brodie will be officially announced on this occasion.

Donation: IL750 per couple. Proceeds will go for scholarships for needy students.

For reservations, please call Tel. 25347, 34541, 22814 or write to Mr. S. Krapnick, Dinner Chairman, P.O.B. 7216, Jerusalem.

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Monday, September 12, at 5.30 p.m.

Tuesday, September 13, at 10.00 a.m.

THIS WEEK at the TEL-AVIV MUSEUM

EXHIBITIONS

Tel Aviv Museum, Sderot Shaul Hamelech
The Gold of Peru (Zacks Hall), opening on Thursday, September 15, 1977 at 10 a.m. The exhibition will be open to the general public from Friday, September 16, 1977 and is being held under the patronage of Bank Discount.

New Selection of Israeli art from the Museum's Collection (Meyarhoff Hall) — opening Thursday, September 15, 1977

SWISS PHOTOGRAPHERS, 1840-1977

Graphics Hall and Hart Hall

Elena Rubinstein Pavilion, Rahov Tarsat

JOSEPH COHEN — PHOTOGRAPHS

MARIS BISHOPS — TIME OUT

On the Eve of Rosh Hashana, the days of the Festival and Wednesday evening the Museum will be closed

VISITING HOURS:

Sunday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Library: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.);

Thursday, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Library: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.);

Friday, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. (Library: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.);

Saturday evening, 7 p.m. to 11 p.m.

JOIN THE FRIENDS OF THE TEL AVIV MUSEUM

this week at the israel museum jerusalem

This Week at the Museum, 11/9-17/9

Free guided tours in English, Sun. & Wed. 11 a.m.,

Main Entrance, Upper Entrance Hall

Thurs. Sept 15 CHILDREN'S FILM.

5.30 p.m. "FINOCCHIO"

Sat. Sept. 17 TO CELEBRATE BEETHOVEN YEAR

Sonatas for violin and piano played by:

LYDIA MORDKOVICH (violin) — ALAN STERN-

FELDZ (piano) No. 6 in A Major, op. 30; No. 8

in G Major, op. 30; and No. 5 in F Major

("Spring"), op. 24.

EXHIBIT OF THE MONTH:

For the International Psychoanalytical Congress: Roman gems set in gold ring, gift of Prof. Sigmund Freud to his disciple, Mrs. Eva M. Rosenfeld, in 1930.

HOURS OF ADMISSION:

* The Museum Will be Closed on Rosh

Hashanah September 13 and 14, 1977.

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In Canada, Mexico, Britain, Yugoslavia, Italy, California and, for 15 years at New York's Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Centre, Bill Cooper, also known as "Wire Man," has taught sick children how to transform pieces of telephone wire and a few buttons into brightly coloured toys that the kids can construct themselves — even in a hospital bed.

Cooper, accompanied by his wife, came to Israel to do a summer course in ancient history at the Hebrew University and volunteered his spare time to teach wirecraft at Hadassah

hospital in Ein Karem. "Teaching the kids themselves is a very gratifying and therapeutic experience — for both them and myself," says Cooper, "but it's not enough because once the kid leaves hospital, the knowledge goes with him."

Cooper's wire sculptures begin with basic stick figures made from telephone wire that is twisted into a tight bundle. Then, strands of thin, colourful wires are wrapped around the twisted wires in coils that dress up the items. Brightly coloured buttons fill in as hats or headlights.



'France's 700,000 Jews need a Zionist conscience'

LETTER FROM PARIS
Jack Maurice



Albert Memmi

PARIS. — Albert Memmi, the Tunisian-born sociologist, historian and novelist, believes in two instruments for cementing the links between Israel and the Diaspora: civic service for youngsters and payment to the Israeli exchequer of a compulsory tax.

In his flat near Paris's new Georges Pompidou Art Centre, Memmi told me:

"A year's service of this type ought to be a moral duty for Jewish youth — men and girls — from all overseas communities. Imagine what it would mean just to French Jewry: 10,000 of its younger members passing through Israel in rotation."

"Their work would help the Jewish state's development, and simultaneously they would become familiar with Israel. The idea of a progressive tax, based on wealth, payable by all Jews to Israel is not new among our people. When I was a young man in Tunisia, every family paid a kosher meat tax in order to provide revenue for the community."

Memmi presented these ideas during an interview on the political, social and cultural development of France's 700,000 Jews. He said: "They have made enormous headway since I came to this country 15 years ago. Since I had already written several books, I was welcomed into cultural and other associations. The community leaders in those days were not against Zionism, but they did not recognize the central role of Israel. They were Jews culturally, but not politically. They considered themselves Frenchmen of the Jewish faith. This was not true of all of them, but certainly of the majority."

THIS DISCOVERY was something of a shock for Memmi, coming from Tunisia where, as throughout the Maghreb, Jews were an ethnic and quasi-national minority distinct from the Moslem and French majority.

"That was when I first proposed civic service in Israel for Diaspora youths, and a special levy," he recalls. "I put the idea into my book 'The Liberation of the Jews.' I regard it still just as valid today. I created quite a scandal. People said I was crazy. Perhaps so, but I never considered myself a politician."

"So I started off in head-on conflict with the Jewish establishment. But during the past 10 years the community has gained in political courage and dignity. Even Chief Rabbi Jacob Kaplan today adopts public positions in favour of Israel. That sort of thing was unheard of in the early 1960s, which is why I felt unhappy and lonely in those days."

Memmi cites the recent visit of Jewish leaders to Prime Minister Raymond Barre, and their forcible criticism of French policy.

"The French Jewish attitude is moving closer to that of the American and British Jewish leaderships. They used to be

Jacobins, adamant advocates of central government, like the rest of the French. They did not want to stick out.

"Some of the leaders have not changed their views, but the Jewish masses here have progressed enormously. Go to the Jewish working-class quarters of Montmartre or Belleville. If they got permission to hang Israeli flags out of their windows, they'd do it like a flash."

MEMMI is disappointed that only 40,000 French Jews are enrolled in Zionist movements and only a fraction of these vote on major issues. "Go to the clothing-business quarter in Paris's Rue du Sentier. The shopkeepers are all Zionists, but they never cast a ballot."

"It's a pity that our Zionist leaders have lacked the imagination to propose an attractive new framework to youth. The relative proportion of Jews among French students is much higher than of non-Jews. But the Zionist effort hardly makes any impact on the youngsters, whereas Jews are active militants among the Communists and Leftists."

He would like to see French Jewry break away from its traditional moorings to wealth:

"We must get away from the concept of a bourgeois, money-based elite as the core of the community. The Rothschilds have done a lot for our people; they pay and pay. But it is wrong that three-quarters of Jewish organisations should have Rothschilds at their helm. The ruling Jewish class should not be a moneyed class. This discourages young Jews."

WHEN HE TALKS about the cultural status of the community, Memmi takes care to dot his 'i's and cross his 't's.

"I'm glad to be an artisan of the notion, which has at last gained acceptance, that Jewish culture is something wider than religion. In the old days, when the community was entirely based on religion, people who were not practising Jews were

treated as outsiders. But I Ashkenazi immigrants who did go to the synagogue still spoke Yiddish and ate gefilte fish. They were still Jews. So are people like Col. Ben-David, Alain Krivine and the other left-wing leaders who broke with religion and claim they don't — they're Jews any longer."

"This does not mean that I underestimate the role of religion in Jewish life. After all, it made possible the survival of the Jewish people and preserved their special character."

"I upset a lot of Jews by saying their situation should be analysed the same way as that of the 77 World nations. But Jews like to tell their problems are unique. Catholicism has been very important for the French Catholics; they had not been Roman Catholics they would have been swallowed by the Protestant majority. However, culture is a whole set of vital answers which enable a people to face their condition as human beings. I try to persuade Jewish youth that even if they are religious, they are also Jews in the Jewish culture in its widest sense."

"In my book 'The Dominant Man,' I invented the word 'Jude' to describe the state of belonging to the Jewish culture. This is a bit we are winning. Youngsters in universities are recognizing it. Judely regardless of whether they are Zionists or not."

AS A SOCIOLOGIST, Memmi attaches great importance to the played by the North African — who arrived in France during late 1950s and early 1960s in relation to the community's mix of class and ethnic elements.

"The Jewish community is socially comparable to France whole. This is doubly important means we are no longer bourgeois, as everybody imagines we were. It also helped to make community as concerned about integration of North African Jews in France."

The social problem in Israel is not the kibbutzim but the masses from the Arab countries. Kibbutz is a marvelous, original; but times have changed. Over half the Israeli population originates from North Africa another 20 per cent were born in Israel. So Oriental Jews now represent three-quarters of the population."

The old political personality main Ashkenazi and prefer European attachments. But sheer nostalgia. Both in France in Israel, the social problem of the Oriental Jews, and we find an answer to it."

Memmi is optimistic about the future: "Throughout the world there is a revival of national consciousness among Arabs, Blacks, Scots, Irish. So it would be strange phenomenon were to be stamped in its Jewish expression. The Israel is irreversible."

UK students find it hard to be 'neutral'

By LEA LEVAVI / Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — When a delegation of five British students visited Lebanon and asked PLO leaders searching questions, they were asked in return if they were Zionists. Then the students came here, asked the same questions and were accused of being PLO sympathizers.

The students, all officials of the U.K. National Union of Students, were sent by their union on a 12-day fact-finding mission to Lebanon and Israel (six days in each country) at the end of August, to learn all they could about the Middle East conflict in preparation for a debate at the union convention this winter.

The union's interest in the Middle East stemmed from debates on several British college campuses over the UN's "Zionism is racism" resolution. The National Union of Students has a policy against racism on campuses. Though this policy was designed to prevent fascist groups from organizing on the campuses, and to prohibit campus speeches by racists, certain leftist and Palestinian student groups are now trying to use the anti-racist policy to thwart the activities of Jewish students' societies.

The union's national executive took a strong stand against this and threatened to punish any local union that banned Jewish associations on its campus. However, the heated debate on this subject led to a debate on the whole Middle East question,

which in turn prompted the union to send the delegation.

What was scheduled to be an interview with the entire five-man delegation (whose members included Broad Leftists, a Trotskyite and a Conservative) ended up as an interview with the delegation leader, Trevor Phillips, who is a Broad Leftist, the union's national secretary and black.

He explained that the union's democratic principles do not allow for representatives to express their personal opinions as if they were the opinions of the union. "We are here as representatives, not as individuals," he said. "And therefore we cannot tell you our personal opinions. Those opinions will be reflected in our report to our convention, but in the meantime all we can say is what we saw in Lebanon and here, and the delegation has asked me to speak for them."

Phillips said he and his fellow delegates were surprised and impressed to see PLO-operated orphanages and hospitals in Lebanon, because they had always considered the PLO merely "a gang of men with guns." He said that the questions which made PLO people most uncomfortable were those about what would happen to the Jewish population (particularly



Trevor Phillips

those Jews who came after 1948) in the PLO's "secular, democratic state." "Of course, they said that nobody would be kicked out of here," Phillips said, "but the question made them ask us if we were Zionists."

Here, he thought the questions which Israelis considered hostile were those about administrative detention of Arabs and about the legitimacy of a Jewish state. "We never got a real answer to that

last question," he said. "The most straightforward one we got was from an official of the Foreign Ministry who said there are two peoples, both with national rights, and that the final decision about whose rights are greater will be a matter of whose forces are greater."

Formal meetings here included interviews with the military governor of Ramallah, officials of the Foreign Ministry and representatives of all the political parties, including a talk with Golda Meir. But the delegates also talked informally with their hosts from the Israeli Union of Students as well as with taxi drivers, storekeepers and other Israelis whom they met in their travels.

"Most of the Jews we spoke to fit somewhere in the Labour Alignment or Likud realm," Phillips said. "As for the Arabs, the ones I talked to said basically that they didn't care if Jews also lived here but that they want their land and national pride back."

Though Phillips refused to express any of his opinions on the Middle East conflict directly, he did say that there were areas in which the visit had "changed minds and the other delegates' views." "Before we got to the Golan Heights, none of us had accepted the Israeli argument about having to keep the Golan for security reasons. But when we got there we saw clearly that whoever controls the Golan Heights can strike at the plain of Galilee."

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HANOVER. — Reserves of millions of tons of copper, zinc, silver and other metals have been found on the floor of the Red Sea, and a revolutionary mining project is to start next year to retrieve them.

Scientists have known for several years that the floor of the Red Sea contains high concentrations of metals valuable to industry, but there has always been doubt as to whether these reserves can be removed safely and economically from the seabed. If next year's Red Sea mining venture proves successful, it could open the way to a new era of undersea mining, since geologists know of several other areas below water that contain considerable reserves of metals.

The area where commercial mining is to start is aptly known as Atlantis II, after the legendary sunken continent, and is situated in the middle of the Red Sea directly west of Jeddah. A German company, with the financial backing of the Sudan and Saudi Arabia, is to start production.

The scientists working on the project claim that the quantities of metal involved are so huge that they will provide a significant addition to the world's dwindling stocks. They predict, for instance, that five years after production begins, the Red Sea will be yielding 100,000 metric tons of zinc and 20,000 metric tons of copper annually. Comparison with present world production puts these figures into perspective. Last year, world zinc production fell by over 15 per cent to 5.5 million metric tons; copper suffered a similar fate, with production dropping from nearly 8 million metric tons in 1976 to less than 4.5 million last year.

THE ATLANTIS II site is a particularly deep basin in the sea bed, probably going as low as 2,000 metres, in which mud has collected

A German firm plans to dig out mineral riches at a site aptly named Atlantis II, reports World Feature Service reporter PATRICK BURNS.

and rests undisturbed by currents. It is estimated that there is between 150 million and 200 million tons of metal-containing mud sitting in the basin.

The metals collect in the mud for a variety of reasons. Sea water will "leach" the elements from the earth's crust and carry them along until the water remains still enough for the "cargo" to sink slowly into the mud. Scientists believe also that certain metals originate inside the earth and are blown through the crust by volcanic pressure to solidify on the seabed. Other explanations are also put forward. But it seems certain that, however the metals got there, once they hit one of the many basins or troughs they remain there in growing concentrations.

Atlantis II is only one of many basins in the Red Sea but it happens to have been the subject of several undersea exploration voyages by German, British and American research vessels. The zinc deposits are thought to total 6 per cent of the mud — in other words, up to 12 million tons of zinc. Copper is thought to make up one per cent, giving reserves of pure copper of around two million tons.

The authorities concerned in the project are cagey about divulging details of how they are to retrieve the metal and mud from the seabed. One of the fears is that a simple dredging operation would disturb huge amounts of silt and seriously

upset the ecological balance of the Red Sea. It is thought that the mud will perform a giant "vacuuming" operation, simply sucking up the mud and its contents through a tube straight up to the surface. The problem here is that the sea is highly corrosive and could do damage to expensive pumping equipment; but it is thought a relatively dry method of sucking up the mud has been devised, reduces to a minimum the amount of sea water raised.

Oil-rig-type platforms probably aim to raise a minimum 3,000 tons of mud a day to be pumped and relieved of its "treasure."

THERE ARE STILL a lot of "buts" about the whole sea especially concerning the cost of processing millions of tons of mud; however, in money seabed "vacuuming" does seem to have the massive investment digging quarries or tunnelling through the earth to retrieve the metals.

A specific zone along the northern and southern Red Sea believed to be a promising further prospecting.

The scientists involved in Atlantis II project believe new techniques of undersea mining being learnt by oil companies in the North Sea, together with developments in underwater blasting with conventional explosives, are likely to make it possible to retrieve the metals from the seabed.

To the House of Israel

A Happy New Year

and

Well Over the Fast

Management and Members
Dan Bus Cooperative

הכלל מן האכל

DAM IN THE DESERT

LEA TUCHMAN / Special to The Jerusalem Post



The dry Ra'afa Dam in a photo taken in 1956...

HAVE YOU ever seen the belly of a dam? It stands, stark naked, in the midst of the desert. It is a remarkable piece of workmanship, its yellow stones so well fitted together. Its graded slopes go down to the bottom of the dry gully. You are seized with giddiness as you peer down.

Access is along a bridge not more than a metre wide: to your right is the dam, to the left a steep ravine caused by soil erosion. Shepherded by a determined guide, you pick your way fearfully, step by step, towards the dam.

As you go, you wonder who on earth could have built this magnificent dam, high and dry, all by itself in the Sinai Desert — and for whom? "The British", says the guide laconically, "in the 1920s".

Some Mandatory official (or perhaps a bright young man on the staff of the legendary Major Jarvis, who was in charge of Sinai when it was a separate British administrative unit for a few years after the end of World War I) had conceived the idea of settling the nomadic Beduin. He probably never asked them what they thought of it, if he ever met them.

The paternalistic colonial administration wanted to make the desert bloom and imbue the Beduin with a taste for gardening. Quite simple,

really. There was Wadi el-Arish. There were Colonial Office engineers in London who had probably never seen a Beduin tribesman, but knew all about designing dams. And there were Treasury officials who had never seen a desert but could grant the necessary funds.

THE TROUBLE was that there is little water in a desert. True, there can be sudden flash-floods which can turn a dry wadi into a mini-Nile in the winter. Then the pipelines get choked with sand or mud. They have to be cleaned and kept in order, and for this the senior civil servant on the spot — or the local district officer — has to rely on the Beduin to do the job.

But what happens if the Beduin prefers to stick to his black goat-hair tent, his silently padding camel, or a little normal smuggling, rather than keep water pipes clean to grow unfamiliar vegetables? Why so much work, when date palms adorn the nearby white beaches, and the sea is blue and fishing easy.

Fifty years later, the dry Ra'afa Dam exposes its innards to a group of tired excursionists. They leave their guide to his explanations and return cautiously, in single file, to their coach, fearful of missing their step as night falls suddenly. □



... and in a 1967 photo, overrun by the sand dunes. (Azaria Alon photos)

5737: a year in retrospect

THE JEWISH SCENE / Geoffrey Wigoder

THE Israel-Diaspora relationship has been dominated the past year. This has been connected with the dramatic change of the men at the top. The replacement of Ford by Carter got many worrying. Ford was known and proven; Carter, unknown and elusive. His attitude to the Jewish people seemed warm and friendly, but when it came to the Middle East there were danger flags raised.

Since Carter's advent to power, S-Israel relations have been on a e-saw and the American Jewish establishment has found itself in a position in the middle of the confrontation. The President's interference and other elements have been intervening singlemindedly in the places, attempting to stem the tide of Israel's position.

The arrival of Menachem Begin as prime minister further complicated a position. Like Carter, he is a man of undoubted principles. But his principles boded a further deterioration of relations with the U.S. After initial amazement and trepidation, American Jewish leadership swung back to Begin and assumed a major role in smoothing Washington winds.

Begin's U.S. visit proved a public relations success and removed the negative image. American Jewish leaders found that it stood foursquare behind the Israel Government. But real testing time lies ahead, and direct clash between Begin's principles and Carter's policy could lead to deep heart-searching among Diaspora Jews, especially in the U.S.

Diaspora Jewry has also been deeply involved in efforts to combat the Arab boycott. Partly at the instigation of U.S. Jewry, an anti-boycott bill received strong support in Congress, although a number of ophobes weakened its effectiveness. Many other governments stood on the fence while the French government vilified it (or should we say Vichy-sted) a bill passed by parliament outlawing compliance with boycott demands. French Jewry was also shocked at its government's handling of the Arab boycott affair. The release of the Arab terrorist led to protests and demonstrations but by then the bird had been flown.

England was the scene of highly stirring developments. A series of U.S.-Israel resolutions on English mosques also had anti-Jewish overtones. The students' union at the University of Warwick called for the expulsion of Zionist student bodies. Oxford University students passed a motion identifying Zionism with racism and went on to deny campus facilities to the university's Jewish

Society. Students at Essex University passed a motion calling for the abolition of the State of Israel. Six university unions decided to bar speakers advocating Zionism.

British Jews feared that support of the Palestinian cause could compound latent anti-Semitism. They were also worried by the growth of the National Front whose hate-mongering, while not primarily directed against Jews, at present was reminiscent of the right-wing anti-Semitic groups of the not-so-distant past. Last month saw assaults on Jews in North-West London, and the National Front march in Lewisham provoked riots all-too-reminiscent of Mosley's East End marches in the 1930s.

INSIDE Russia: official attitudes remained as hard as previously. Some Jewish activists were imprisoned on various trumped-up charges, some were allowed to leave the country — probably to a large extent as a result of continuing pressure and demonstrations in the West. The refusedniks — the Jews denied permission to leave — continued a courageous struggle, often openly challenging the authorities.

Emigration continued on an annual level of 12-15,000 but the proportion of these Russian Jews going to Israel declined to under 50 per cent. The others went on to other destinations, notably the U.S., where they were usually assisted by the local communities.

Despite the overwhelming consensus between Israel and the U.S. Jewish community, areas of potential friction developed. Mr. Begin's undertaking to Agudat Israel to reverse the present attitude to non-Orthodox conversions in the framework of the Law of the Return has aroused concern and dismay among Reform and Conservative groups, representing three-quarters of the synagogue-affiliated Jews in North America.

The small, 1,200-member Brooklyn group has attracted attention out of all proportion to its size. Its main thrust has been to support the proposal for a Palestinian state on the West Bank and Gaza under PLO leadership. At the same time, its members have protested their devotion to Israel.

The most sensational event of the year was the attack by an ideological group of Black Muslim gunmen on Washington buildings, including the B'nai B'rith headquarters, accompanied by anti-Semitic slogans.

In Canada, the election results in Quebec bothered many Jews in that province. The problem there is not anti-Semitism but the implications for Jews, as for other non-French groups, of the rise to power of French-Canadian nationalists. Jews have always been part of the Anglophone elements and the new Francophone legislation has already created problems for Jewish education.

Two other English-speaking communities facing question-marks are those of South Africa and Rhodesia. The question of emigration has been agitating South African Jews (although in recent years many more Jews have moved to South Africa, mostly from Israel, than have left), while the number of Jews in Rhodesia is steadily dwindling.

A deterioration was reported from Argentina with a new wave of anti-Semitism. Anti-Jewish literature is flooding the newspapers and the community has become the target of kidnappings and bomb attacks on synagogues. The neo-Nazi members of the paramilitary groups authorized by the government to conduct counter-terrorist measures have a free hand — which they often use against Jews.

The Arab peace offensive of the past year meant a breather for Jews left in the Arab countries. Certain restrictions were lifted on the hard-pressed Syrian community, and a number of girls were allowed to leave after proxy marriages were arranged with husbands in the U.S., but Jews there still suffer discrimination. The rulers of Morocco and Egypt suggested that Jews who had left those lands would be welcomed if they returned, but Jews from Arab lands showed no desire to put their heads back in the lion's mouth.

Also in the past year: The severe earthquake in Rumania claimed many Jewish victims and the destruction of a number of communal buildings. The first international Jewish conference meeting on Spanish soil received a snub when plans for World Jewish Congress leaders to be received by King Juan Carlos were cancelled under Arab pressure. A document issued under top Catholic auspices rejected all forms of proselytizing among Jews. Arrangements were being made to transfer the ancient Jewish catacombs in Rome to Jewish supervision and to open them to the public. Sanj Bellow was one of several Jews to be awarded a Nobel Prize. Sir Zelman Cowen became the second Jew to be appointed governor-general of Australia, and the world seemed greyer with Dr. Kissinger back in private life.

Interstellar wavelength gets unwanted signals

By THOMAS O'TOOLE / Washington Post News Service

which will allow submarines, surface warships, combat aircraft and even foot soldiers to pinpoint their positions on earth. The Pentagon calls them the global positioning satellites, and says 24 are needed to have four over any spot on earth at all times.

The problem is that the air force satellites will broadcast in the same microwave frequencies in which space scientists believe aliens would broadcast if they wanted to be heard. These frequencies range across a band of the microwave spectrum scientists call the "waterhole." Only in that band do hydrogen and oxygen radiate natural radio signals into space. Combine hydrogen and oxygen and you have water, which is why it is called the waterhole.

Scientists assume that aliens advanced enough to broadcast messages would be at least as familiar with the waterhole as we are and would choose it for their frequency for the same reasons we would if we were broadcasting. The waterhole has been described as the

"sign language" in which alien civilizations might best conduct a dialogue.

The air force picked these frequencies because they're free of radio interference. Space scientists find the same frequencies appealing for the same reason. Signals from aliens reaching earth free of radio noise will be much easier to detect and identify.

But not for too much longer. The air force plans to orbit its first global positioning satellite as early as next year and have its network of 24 in place by 1984. Once the network is in position, its noise will drown out any signals beamed to us from an alien civilization anywhere near its frequencies.

The space agency's strategy in fighting the air force is to get a programme under way this year that will survey the sky starting next year for alien broadcast signals. The idea is to get evidence for an alien civilization before the air force has its 24 satellites in place. If the space agency does that, it might be able to

gather public or even world opinion behind a more intense search.

The space agency has other reasons for making an early search of the sky for alien broadcasts. A consortium of seafaring nations will have in orbit in five years a navigation satellite called Marisat that will overwhelm another portion of the microwave spectrum NASA considers promising. A consortium of countries that make up Intelsat will orbit a new communications satellite about the same time that will take over a third.

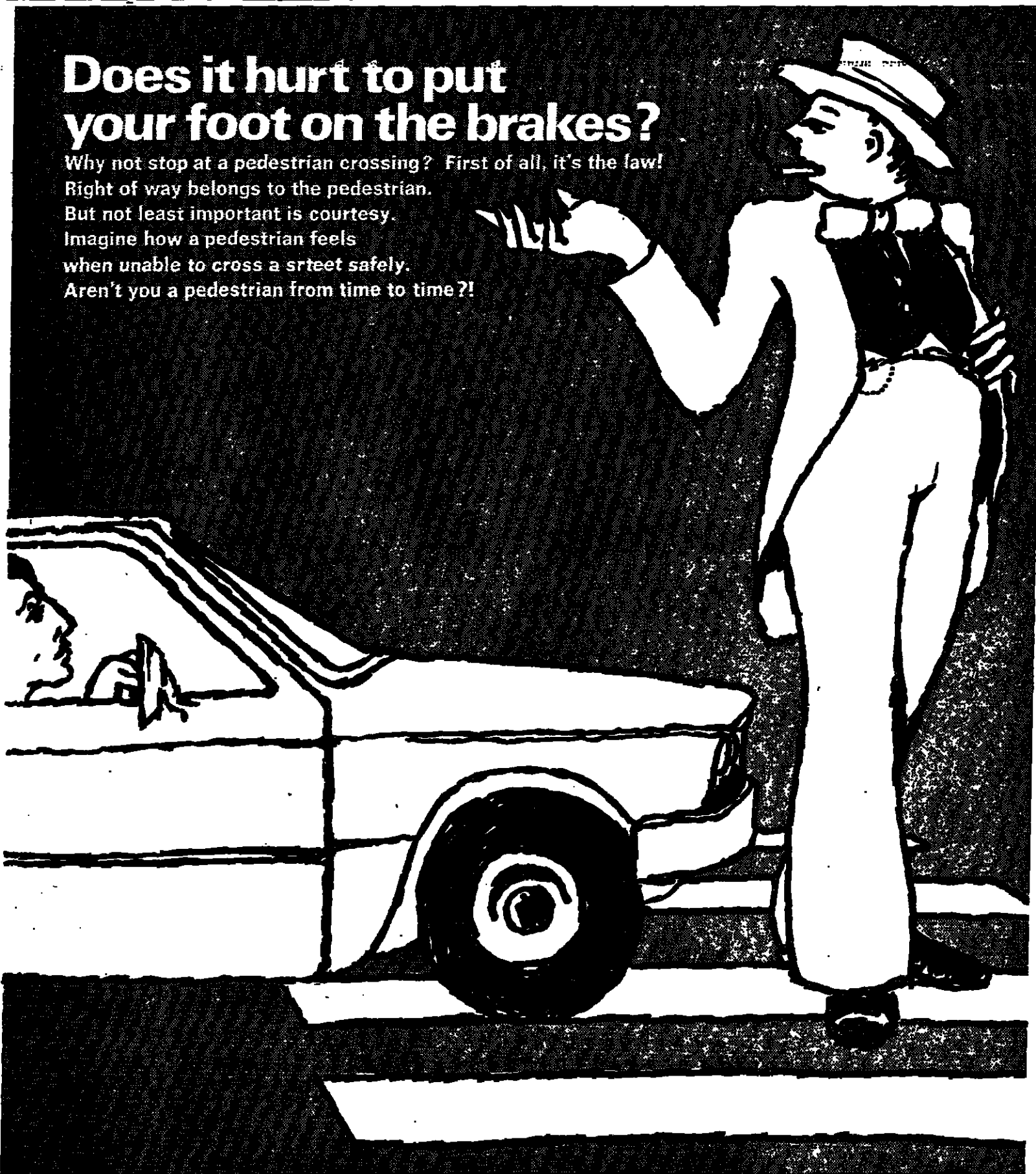
Space scientists are deadly serious about searching the sky for alien broadcasts. They say the detection of such signals would be discoveries that would alter the course of human history for centuries to come.

Some astronomers have warned that if alien broadcasts are identified, we should not reply for fear the aliens might attempt to destroy or enslave the earth. JPL's Edelson says that if a signal is heard we might decide to spend years or even centuries analyzing the broadcast before we broadcast back.

"That doesn't say we can't learn a great deal by simply detecting a signal and translating what's in it," Edelson said. "The analogy has been made by Phillip Morrison of MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology) that we received a great deal in the same one-way sense from the ancient Greeks that we have been unable to transmit back to them."

Does it hurt to put your foot on the brakes?

Why not stop at a pedestrian crossing? First of all, it's the law! Right of way belongs to the pedestrian. But not least important is courtesy. Imagine how a pedestrian feels when unable to cross a street safely. Aren't you a pedestrian from time to time?!



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It pays to be courteous

"SONOL" - NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE PREVENTION OF ROAD ACCIDENTS

Attractive prizes for winners! Good Luck!

Three men who made computer crime pay

By CHARLES FOLEY / Observer Foreign News Service

LOS ANGELES (Ofns). — Does one pay in the U.S. for the art of thing away with it practised with no finesse in this country than elsewhere around the world? And for see criminals who have escaped the loot, did the game prove with the candle?

The answers are yes, yes, and yes. he only the highly sophisticated did of white-collar computer crime: experts in the field, agree it computer-theft costs the U.S. business world billions of dollars annually — and in detected crimes me. For every case that comes to art, ten are thought to be either uncovered or hushed up by the firms obliged to protect their image.

Some recent cases of Ones Who t Away — at least for long enough spend the money — indicate how it is done. First the most feckless: one year ago, a 26-year-old ink's guard named Richard Rees lked off his job on an armoured ck with \$516,306 in a champagne se under one arm. Over the next months, he went on an American resey that ate up all but \$380 of the ten money. What fast women did take, slow horses did! Rees tered his adventures in a 17-page ter, mildly entitled "My Story," to an Francisco Chronicle's columt Herb Caen, who passed it on to FBI.

How do you get through half a lion dollars in ten months? "You y a bar and have a party," Rees lained. On the road, his hair dyed ck, the former Marine (decorated his efforts in Vietnam) met a man called in his letter "L." She rked the topless nightclub circuit Texas, but not after her discovery Rees's riches.

For "L" Rees bought a car, a ck, a TV set, a "wardrobe worth usands" — He gave her a \$7,000 id, a \$9,000 bank account and set up in her own nightclub. What re could a girl ask? Well, more o: same. Rees says he had only nt \$250,000 by the time he left the t of Fort Worth, clandestinely.

Whereupon "L", he says, sent three gunmen after him. A lot of the money went on \$2,000 horse race bets, another slice on a girl he calls "K" who, unhappily, turned out to be "crazy and a lesbian swinger."

Never mind, Rees was having fun. He rented houseboats and gave extravagant parties. "I guess I have gone the way of the tipple. Of all the life-styles I have been through, I like this one the best." (The young bride he left behind in California expressed total bafflement: "I can't understand why he did it. He never complained about money. We had everything going for us. He was a nice, quiet man.")

Rees wrote that it was not having the FBI on his trail that bothered him, so much as those hit men. By last January, with the money all but gone, and "L's" hired gunmen closing in, he began to court capture. He could easily have escaped, he knew, but the party was over. Being a tycoon had been fun for a year, he told reporters after the FBI finally caught up with him in New Mexico: "I have no regrets."

What he will have is a stiff jail term, and a movie based on "My Story." Seven film companies, at last count, were competing for the rights to Richard Charles Rees.

But even Rees's adventures pale before the story of another One Who Got Away, D.B. Cooper. He is the man who jumped from a jet in 1971 with \$200,000 and parachuted down somewhere over the Oregon mountains. Cooper — probably a false name — hijacked a Northwest Airlines flight from Seattle to Reno, demanded the loot, got it, and walked down the ramp at the 727's tail exit into a stormy night.

After five years of searching, including elaborate aerial surveys of the mountains, the FBI is still looking for D.B. Cooper. Some weeks ago, the statute of limitations ran out on his crime, and officially he is regarded as a free man. Except that today the Internal Revenue Service wants him for tax evasion: over the past five years, Cooper's bag of 10-

000 \$20 bills has amassed more than \$220,000 in back taxes, fines and interest penalties. But for the time being, "D.B." assuming his bones are not bleaching on some Western mountainside is free.

If Rees displayed sheer nerve, and D.B. Cooper sheer guts, then Eldon Royce takes the prize for ingenuity and persistence. Royce was a pioneer in the new widespread field of computer theft. America's most costly white-collar crime. Angered by some imagined slight from company bosses, Royce devised a complex scheme by which his computer padded cost items galore and reduced income items by tiny amounts. These added up to a fat surplus invisible to auditors unable to pursue every bleep on electronic tape. The money flowed into the 17 dummy companies Royce had set up for that purpose.

Royce got away with it for more than six years, during which he helped himself to \$1 million-plus. Like Richard Rees he was caught largely by his own choice: he could, presumably, still be playing games on his computer console had he not found the mental effort involved more than he could take. Exhausted by the labour of balancing his figures, he triggered his own exposure. He told the courts he had spent every penny, and got a ten-year sentence.

In our coming cashless and chequeless society, this king of crime can only become more prevalent. As the plastic credit card replaces ready money in the U.S., and one's ability to use these cards depends on valid identification — usually a driver's licence — it becomes ever-easier to "beat the system." Use of false credentials to obtain goods or money is already one of the biggest white-collar crime problems in the U.S.

A Justice Department official on the Federal Advisory Committee on False Identification says: "Faked or fraudulent ID now plays a role in more than ten billion dollars in yearly losses to business."

Israel leads Finland 2-1 Davis Cup match

By JACK LEON, Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

HASHARON — Israel, day evening led Finland 2-1 in Davis Cup match between the countries here. This second of the European competition ended today, starting at 1 p.m. Wertheimer and Shlomo Stein both won their singles on 7. Then yesterday the home quickly took the opening two doubles and the 1,000 fans at Azmat Hasharon Tennis Centre getting ready to cheer a 2-1 victory, which gave Israel the tie with 3-0 lead.

then — in a stunning change of which seemed beyond ex- — Finnish doubles cham- George Berner and Matti ten found a new lease of life ok the next three sets, winning 1-6, 6-3, 6-2, 6-1. Everything depends on this afternoon's e singles.

ertheimer and Glickstein, ring together in only their se- Davis Cup tie, combined ily in the opening two sets. Glickstein particularly promi- with brilliant volleying and ing. In little more than half an they were leading 2-0, reeling e games in a row in a second as was so one-sided as to be 4 ludicrous.

opponents shared the first six s of the third set. But from then he hard-hitting, aggressive took command, winning 16 of maining 18 games.

The opening two singles followed a similar pattern, with the guests com- fortably winning their first sets and then losing the next three. Wertheimer beat Berner 6-4, 6-0, 6-2, 6-4 in a contest between the No. 1 racquets of Israel and Finland, and then Glickstein defeated Timonen 2-6, 6-2, 6-3, 6-2. Some 1,500 spec- tators watched at the tennis cen- tre's superbly-appointed new Canada Stadium.

Berner, a 29-year-old engineer and a veteran of 14 Davis Cup matches, hurried to a 5-0 first-set lead against Wertheimer, 22, for whom this is his ninth tie in the competition. The Finn, impressive with splendid volleying and exemplary court- craft, took a lot out of himself in the unaccustomed heat as he struggled to take the opener 6-3. Wilting visibly, Berner collected only two games in the next two sets. After the break, with the weather somewhat cooler, he showed new vigour and came within a point of going into a 6-4 lead, before Wertheimer got home 6-1.

After the 90-minute match Berner told *The Jerusalem Post*: "The heat just killed me. I have never com- peted anywhere in such weather and was exhausted in the second and third sets, but Wertheimer certainly played well."

Timonen, 25, Finland's No. 2, who is a mathematics student at Helsinki University, gave 19-year-old Glick- stein a harder fight than the final score indicates. He served a dozen aces and showed breathtaking power overhead and speed in an all-out at-



Wertheimer



Berner

tacking game. Glickstein remained steady under pressure, showing un- expected mobility and often matching Timonen in volleying. The visitor is participating in his seventh Davis Cup fixtures. For Glickstein this is his third tie.

Referee of the event is Ronald Steele and umpires are Aharon Sapir, Gabriel Dubitsky and Dan Zohar. The other members of Israel's team are Ilan Sherr and Shai Puzi, while the other guest player is Kristian Tammivouri.

At the official opening ceremony yesterday, the players were welcom-

ed by Israel Lawn Tennis Associa- tion President Mordechai Mayer and Hannu Mantyvarra, the Finnish charge d'affaires.

Israel's coach and non-playing captain Jackie Sass told *The Post* last night that, in spite of the setback in the doubles, he was still hopeful his team could win at least one of today's singles and thus take the tie. Finnish captain Tapio Jokinen also expressed optimism. "After our great comeback in the doubles, we are still in with a real chance of vic- tory," he said.

Three NL teams lose warm-ups

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

TEL AVIV — In pre-season warm-up soccer matches yesterday, three National League teams were beaten by teams from lower leagues.

Third Division League "A" side Kiryat Ono Hapoel beat Yehud Hapoel 2-0. Second Division side Ashdod Hapoel thrashed Jerusalem Hapoel 3-0. Rishon LeZion Hapoel beat Jaffa Maccabi 1-0.

Other results were: Petah Tikva Hapoel 3, Petah Tikva Maccabi 0; Tel Aviv Hapoel 2, Ramat Gan Hapoel 1; Holon Hapoel 0, Shimonon 2; Bnei Yehuda 0, Tel Aviv Betar 2.

New football heads elected

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

TEL AVIV — A new Football Association management was elected last week, and its first serious business will be to decide on the number of clubs to play in league soccer in the 1978/79 season.

Michael Almog of Hapoel will continue as FA chairman for a further two years. Sadeh Mizrahi will be the new treasurer, replacing Menahem Ariav, who is to be the new mayor of Upper Nazareth.

Maccabi representatives proposed to the general meeting at Beit Sokolov that four clubs be promoted from the second division (*Liga Ari- ziv*) to the National League at the end of this season, in order to increase the number of teams in the first division. Almog's suggestion that the matter be decided by the FA management was carried.

The new league season starts on October 5.



Referee Wally Thorn holds back Spanish boxer Alfredo Evangelista as he stops the action during the 11th round of the European heavy-weight title fight in Madrid on Friday night. Defender Lucien Rodriguez falls to the canvas, unaware that the fight is over and that he has lost his crown. (UPI telephoto)

A. Dodgers tighten grip league division title

YORK (AP) — Dusty Baker ed a three-run homer and Tom- jon notched his 18th victory as Los Angeles Dodgers reduced division-clinching magic er to eight with a 4-1 victory the Cincinnati Reds on Friday.

ter's 25th homer of the season d a 1-0 Cincinnati lead in the inning and snapped a five- winning streak by Fred Nor- 14-11. It was John's 13th victory last 13 decisions and gave the ers a 18½ game lead over the in the National League West.

combination of Los Angeles es or Cincinnati defeats today- ight would give the Dodgers First National League West title 1974.

Philadelphia Phillies ed their grip on first in the al League West with an 11-4 g of the St. Louis Cardinals, as Carlton notched his 21st vic- and *Longhorns* drove by five with two homers.

3 "Phillies" margin regis- ured June 25, 1974, when the Pirates were beaten 9-1 by Montreal Expos. Andre "Daw- two-run double in the third in- provided the Expos with their ng runs.

ewhere in the National League, urreghs knocked in four runs a three-run homer and a ice fly to lead the Atlanta as to a 2-6 victory over the San i Padres.

hi-hander Joe Nickro hurled a

Results and standings after Friday's major league games

NATIONAL LEAGUE EAST					AMERICAN LEAGUE EAST				
Team	W	L	PCT.	GB	Team	W	L	PCT.	GB
Atlanta	57	52	.521	—	New York	57	54	.511	—
Boston	51	61	.450	7	Boston	54	57	.486	3
Chicago	70	54	.560	11½	Baltimore	52	58	.468	4½
Cincinnati	74	67	.525	12½	Detroit	67	75	.472	20½
Los Angeles	64	78	.447	23	Cleveland	65	77	.458	22½
Montreal	54	68	.442	28	Milwaukee	60	85	.414	29
Pittsburgh	54	68	.442	28	Toronto	60	75	.444	29½

WEST					CENTRAL				
Team	W	L	PCT.	GB	Team	W	L	PCT.	GB
Los Angeles	67	54	.555	—	Kansas City	58	54	.517	—
San Diego	74	68	.521	12½	Chicago	78	61	.561	7
St. Louis	70	71	.498	17	Minnesota	64	54	.540	9
San Francisco	65	77	.458	22½	Texas	72	68	.514	9½
Seattle	63	69	.478	25	California	65	71	.479	18
San Francisco	63	69	.478	25	Oakland	64	64	.500	19
San Francisco	63	69	.478	25	Seattle	66	67	.492	21

Friday's games: Boston 5-4, Detroit 1-4; Baltimore 7, Cleveland 1; New York 3, Toronto 4; Kansas City 4, Minnesota 2; Seattle 3, Texas 3; Milwaukee 2, Oakland 1; Chicago 4, California 1.

Tallest Israel hoopsters out of European games

By PAUL KOHN, Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

TEL AVIV — The Israel basketball squad of 12 players leaves tomorrow for Brussels for the European Basketball Championships, in which Israel is in a group with the USSR, Italy, Bulgaria, France and Austria.

The Israel hoopsters yesterday completed three weeks of preparation for the games with a training match against Haifa Hapoel.

"In the past week our attack has improved and the percentage of accurate shots at the hoop has been much better," coach Ralph Klein said last night. "Our game will be speed and good shooting," he added.

The Israel squad will be without Jack Elmer and Erik Menken, two of the tallest topnotch players in Israel. Elmer is in the U.S. and Menken is injured. Consequently, Israel's main problem will be the lack of players over two metres in height.

Klein considered the team's first game in the championships against Bulgaria on Thursday to be the key to Israel's fortunes. "If we beat them, it will give the players a big boost in confidence. But this will be a very tough game," the coach said.

To hold a chance of qualifying for the play offs for the 8th to 8th places, Israel will have to win at least two of the games in its group. Only the game against Austria looks good for a win, with Israel clear underdogs against the USSR and Italy.

The hoopsters in the Israel team are: Miki Berkowitz, Steve Kaplan, Yehoshua Schwarz, Barry Leibowitz, Shmuel Nahmias, Pinhas Horzer, Boaz Yannisai, Itamar Marzel, Orr Goren, Hanan Keren, Avigdor Moskowitz and Reuven Rothschild.

Vilas advances in U.S. Tennis Open

FOREST HILLS, New York (AP) — Fourth-seeded Guillermo Vilas of Argentina advanced to the finals of the \$42,420 U.S. Open Tennis Championships yesterday by outlasting Harold Solomon of Silver Spring, Md., 6-2, 7-6, 6-2 in a battle of baseliners.

The slow-paced match was delayed in starting by 45 minutes because of early morning rains, but the skies brightened as the day wore on and play was not interrupted.

Vilas will face the winner of yesterday's second semifinal, between second-seeded defending champion Jimmy Connors and un-

Maccabi tennis

TEL AVIV — Yitzhak Parmet, one of the country's leading tennis coaches, last week took up the post of manager and head professional at the Maccabi North tennis club here.

Parmet's appointment is part of the current expansion programme of Maccabi North, which recently completed four new all-weather courts to bring the club's total number to a dozen.

Manchester City, Liverpool head English soccer league

LONDON (AP) — Manchester City and Liverpool headed the English soccer league with nine points each as the final whistles blew on yesterday's matches.

Liverpool defeated Coventry City 2-0 before a crowd of 45,474 at Liverpool, and Manchester City was 3-1 victor over Manchester United before 50,856 fans at Maine Road.

Liverpool's two goals came in three minutes in the second half, through David Fairclough and Kenny Dalglish.

Manchester City stretched its unbeaten record to five league matches with two goals from Brian Kidd and Mike Channon. Jimmy Nicholl got United's goal two minutes before time. Kidd came within an ace of a "hat trick," but his third "goal" was disallowed because of an infringement by Channon.

Big scorer of the First Division was Everton, which won its away match against Leicester by 5-1. Everton dominated from the start, and the crowd of 16,425 saw it go ahead through Bob Latchford after 13 minutes. Dave Thomas, one of Everton's new signings, got the second and Andy King put Everton still further ahead.

Leicester managed to pull one back half-way through the second half, through Steve Sims, but Everton hit back with a fourth goal from McKenzie and two minutes before time King scored his second.

Birmingham City, under the temporary leadership of Sir Alf Ramsey, got its first win of the season, 2-1 over Middlesbrough. Birmingham scored first with a breakaway goal by Trevor Francis in the first half.

Billy Ashcroft got a second-half equalizer and then Francis scored again for victory.

Newcastle 0, West Bromwich Albion 3. Regis scored in 8 minutes, Cunningham made it 2-0 in 16 minutes and Bryan Robson wrapped it all up in the 79th minute.

Wolves 2, Nottingham Forest 2. Withe scored for Forest in the 18th minute, Bowyer in the 64th and Woodcock in the 72nd. Then, in the 81st, Oell got one for Wolves and Daley put a penalty into the net in the 83rd.

Norwich 1, Bristol City 0. Gibbins got the one goal one minute from the end.

Aston Villa 1, Arsenal 0. Villa struggled before beating better organized Arsenal with a 89th minute goal by Arsenal's former mid-field man Alex Cropley.

Chelsea 1, Derby 1. Gerry Daly put Derby ahead with a penalty after 15 minutes. Tommy Langley ran 40 yards unopposed "to net the equalizer after 88 minutes.

Leeds United 2, Ipswich Town 1. Paul Mariner scored for Ipswich in the 50th minute. Hankin levelled four minutes later with a daring header and he also headed the winning goal.

Results: Division 1

Aston Villa 1, Arsenal 0; Chelsea 1, Derby 1; County 1; Leeds United 2, Ipswich Town 1; Leicester City 1, Everton 5; Liverpool 2, Coventry City 0; Manchester City 3, Manchester United 1; Middlesbrough 1, Birmingham City 2; Newcastle United 0, West Bromwich Albion 3; Norwich City 1, Bristol City 0; Westham United 2, Queens Park Rangers 3; Wolverhampton 2, Nottingham Forest 3.

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SUN 09:30 LY				13:00 NL	14:00	15:15-16:35	17:50-19:30 CP				21:10		
				13:00 NL		15:15-16:35	17:50-19:30 CP	21:05-21:25		22:25-22:45			
				13:15 CP						15:00-16:00	16:15-18:30 WA	20:30	
MON 09:40 LY				13:35-17:15 CP			19:55						
07:40 CA	09:40-13:40 CP			16:00-17:15			19:55						
07:10 TW	09:40-13:40 CP	09:35-10:45 CP		16:00-18:00			15:25			20:15-21:00	21:30		
09:40 LY				13:35-18:00 CP						20:15-21:00	21:30		
06:30 LY					11:45-18:00 CP	19:10-19:55					21:50		
TUE 09:40 LY				13:35-17:00 NL	19:20								
09:40 LY				12:05-14:30		17:25-19:35 CP	21:05-21:25			22:25-22:45	23:05		
08:10 KL				09:15 CP	12:20-12:50	13:55-19:35	21:06-21:25			22:25-22:45	23:05		
				12:05-14:30		17:25-19:30 CP				22:25-22:45	23:05		
WED 07:40 CA	09:40-13:40 CP			16:00-17:15			19:55						
07:40 CA	09:40-13:40 CP			16:00-18:00			20:30-21:15				22:05		
08:10 KL				12:05-18:00 CP			20:30-21:15				22:05		
07:10 TW		09:35-10:45 CP				15:25-19:35	21:05-21:25			22:25-22:45	23:05		
06:30 LY					11:45-18:00 CP	18:10-19:55					21:50		
08:10 KL				12:05-17:15 CP		19:55							
THU 08:10 KL				12:05-17:00		19:20	16:10-19:30 CP			14:45-19:45	21:10		
08:10 KL				12:05-14:15						16:10-17:00 WA	18:30 WA	19:27	
08:10 KL				12:05-13:15 CP									
FRI 07:10 TW		09:35-10:45 CP	11:50-12:50		09:15 CP	12:20-12:50	13:55-19:35	21:05-21:25		22:25-22:45	23:05		
							17:00-19:30				21:10		
							19:35 CP	21:05-21:25		22:25-22:45	23:05		
SAT 06:50 TW	07:45-13:40 CP			18:00-17:15			19:55			19:55-20:40	21:05		
06:50 TW	07:45-13:40 CP			18:00-18:00						19:55-20:40	21:05		
06:25 SP				14:25-18:00 CP									

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Questions in Sinai

THE COORDINATOR OF UN Forces in the Middle East, General Ennio Silasvuo, returned to Israel from Egypt Friday with an outright denial from Cairo that there have been Egyptian violations of the terms of the Sinai Agreement. It was the fifth time in the past four months that Israel had complained of Egyptian infractions, but the first time Cairo has responded in this manner.

In the past, and especially when Mr. Begin himself called the Egyptians' attention to the violations, they had pledged to make immediate rectifications — though as it now appears they were not carried out.

While the current illicit activities by Egyptian forces in Sinai do not pose a military threat similar to that created by the movement of missiles towards the east bank of the Suez Canal, immediately after the conclusion of the August 1976 cease-fire, they nevertheless place in jeopardy the entire conception of gradual advance towards a peace settlement.

Thus it is not merely that the Sinai agreement itself is being undermined by the Egyptians repeatedly putting too many men, or tanks, or guns, in their zone in Sinai. More important is the constant erosion of Israeli confidence in the willingness — perhaps even the ability — of the Egyptians to abide by their commitments.

Yet such faith is essential to any project for progressive mutual accommodation. The idea is that every successful trade-off will inspire the trust necessary to conclude the next arrangement. This is the underlying assumption even of plans for overall settlement, such as the one suggested by the Brookings team.

Perversely, though maybe unwittingly, the Egyptians are working overtime to demonstrate that they cannot be relied upon to keep their word.

Dayan rebound?

NEW POLITICAL bodies in Israel are never formed in one fell swoop. Our political culture apparently requires an appropriate facade of a non-partisan debating society or ideological forum to smooth the transition of long-time party members from one framework to another.

Yesterday's "forum for social and foreign policy questions," focused around Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, appears to have been in this mould. Mr. Dayan himself was explicit in opposing establishment of a new party or splitting existing ones. But the 1,000 Dayan supporters who crowded into the Maccabiah Village to hear him constituted unmistakable evidence to the contrary.

The "debate" which followed the foreign minister's address should have no one. The purpose of the forum and the sessions to be held in the future is twofold: to wean away Dayan supporters from Labour and to shape a political party out of these supporters and elements from the Democratic Movement for Change and the La'am faction in the Likud.

For many Israelis, Mr. Dayan's position and popularity were irreparably eroded as a result of the Yom Kippur War and some of his actions since, including his agreement to forsake his party and join the Likud Government. But this is not the feeling of all Israelis. Yesterday's meeting was a demonstration of his continuing appeal to former and present members of Labour, especially former Rafites and members of the moshav movement.

In a larger sense it is part of the more general political realignment through which our whole party system is passing.

POSTSCRIPTS

THE NUMBER of ba'alei tshuva (those who "return" to the faith) continues to increase slightly each year, according to Jerusalem educator Mordechai Beck, who has made a study of the subject. In addition, he notes that the number of yeshivot for those people continues to grow. Most were established after the Six Day War, and while largely geared to English-speaking ba'alei tshuva with little or no background in Judaism, the study centres themselves have evolved distinct methodologies and personalities. To help prospective students elect the right yeshiva, therefore, Beck has just published a booklet entitled "Learning to Learn," which is a comparative guide to the new yeshivot. A second booklet deals with musar, the practice of self-examination and self-help which is conducted in many of these yeshivot. Both of these publications, in English, are issued by the Israel Economist Press, and will be available at local book stores soon.

TEDDY KOLLEK's efforts to improve life in Jerusalem can only be commended, but our mayor would do well to take a leaf out of the Tel Aviv municipality's book: the installation of comfort stations for dogs.

Mayor Kollek, who lives in Rehavia, need only look around his immediate neighbourhood to see the need for such a move. This correspondent, who lives in Talbieh, another neighbourhood where dogs are not lacking, has long labelled his area "Kalbieh" — for obvious reasons. Walking on sidewalks, especially at night, is a hazardous undertaking.

We have seen people in the U.S. walking their dogs equipped with a pan which they place under their pet at a critical moment, but this is asking too much from Israelis, of course.

So please, Mr. Mayor, give the comfort stations a thought. S.F.

MAYBE IT'S their reward in the hereafter, but a survey published recently shows that Britain's low-paid clergy are the most satisfied workers in the country.

Even a half-million-dollar win on the soccer pools lottery would not tempt them to quit, said the British consumers' magazine, "Which."

Among vicars, pastors, and priests, 86 per cent said they would choose the same work again, even though their average salary is well below the national average at 2,500 pounds (£43,750) a year. No information about rabbis was made available.

THE PRESS CONFERENCE held by Dr. Yosef Burg last Sunday, at which copies of the Buchner Report were distributed, makes an interesting case-study of how good strategy by a politician and poor performance by journalists can combine to leave many aspects of a subject unexplored.

Although the Minister of Interior may not yet have mastered the subject of crime or the intricacies of the police force, he has few peers when it comes to political one-upmanship.

Dr. Burg gained his first advantage on Saturday night. It was then that he decided not simply to release the Buchner Report for publication right after the Cabinet session on the subject on Sunday, but to do so at the end of a press conference.

This put the journalists one down. And a big down it was. For they were now in the position of trying to ask intelligent questions about a report they had not been given an opportunity to read.

(The State Comptroller, it might be noted here, makes his annual report available to the press about a week before the authorized publication date. Of course the Comptroller's report runs to some 900 closely printed pages, as compared with the 150 double-spaced stencilled pages of the Buchner Report, and the Comptroller is protected by a law that prohibits early publication. But journalists should insist that they be given a chance to read a report at least a few hours before a press conference on the subject.)

So instead of being able to ask critical questions based on a knowledge of what the report said or failed to say, Avi Valentin of "Ha'aretz" (whose series of articles led to the appointment of the Buchner Committee in the first place) was reduced to asking, "Did the committee find that criminals had succeeded in neutralizing (by bribery) branches of the Establishment?"

Able to take advantage of Valentin's weakness, Dr. Burg found it easy to get away with an equivocal reply. Had the journalists seen the report, the question would more likely have been, "How do you explain

Crime report: the questions that were not asked

When it comes to probing crime, full with answers, but reporters charges ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, are also apt to be short of the authorities tend to be unhelpful the right questions.

the failure of the two-page chapter on "Alliances and Attempted Alliances (of Criminals) with Civil Servants and Employees of State Agencies" to say anything of substance?"

ANOTHER handicap the assembled journalists had to cope with was that Dr. Burg also acted as chairman of the press conference, a function usually performed by the head of the appropriate journalists' committee. This enabled him to decide on procedural matters.

When the minister announced that he would gladly answer questions not only in Hebrew, but also in English and French, it seemed harmless enough. This would make things easier for some of the reporters present, and it also gave the minister a chance to display his mastery of foreign languages, then more power to him.

But the rose was not without thorns. When Valentin, understandably dissatisfied with the answer he had received to his first question, followed it up with another along the same lines, and with a third when answer no. 2 was equally unsatisfactory, Dr. Burg and his spokesman Yitzhak Agassi got impatient and decided that the foreign-language questions would be heard before Valentin could continue.

When the time came around, of course, the meeting started to break up. Valentin did manage to ask whether the police had had success in discovering and prosecuting civil servants who had cooperated with

criminals. But in the hubbub, it was not too difficult for Police Inspector General Haim Tavori to dismiss the query with an airy, "I certainly do not intend to answer general questions of that sort."

Yet if there was anything the Buchner Committee could have been expected to come up with, it was some hard facts on the question of attempts by the underworld to form links with judges, the police, and civil servants in a position to be of assistance, notably those working in the customs and income tax departments.

To say, as Dr. Burg has repeated ad nauseam in the past few weeks, that the question whether or not there is "organized" crime in Israel is merely a semantic one, is meaningless if the discussion stops there and leaves unanswered the substantive question about the extent to which the underworld has succeeded in penetrating the Establishment.

THE CASE-BEFORE-THE-HORSE procedure of expecting journalists to discuss a document they had not yet seen made it possible for Dr. Burg to gloss over what must be considered the outstanding failure of the Buchner Report. However, it is a poor workman who blames his tools. Even though they were groping in the dark, the reporters present (the present writer included) should have done a better job.

Why, for instance, didn't a single reporter think of asking what connection there was between the seven

points Dr. Burg announced in his crime-fighting programme and the Buchner Report?

For about a week and a half before publication of the Report, "senior police officers" had been quoted in the press as predicting that the committee would come up with nothing the police did not already know. Former police intelligence chief Shmuel Nahmias had charged that the committee had been set up merely as a sop to public opinion.

Dr. Burg's juxtaposition of the publication of the Report with the announcement of his proposed remedies made it appear that it was a case of cause and effect. The findings of the Report (which was handed to him on August 31) were presumably the basis for the proposals he was making on September 4. That was the implication. Conversely, without the Report there would have been no basis for his proposals.

Was this in fact true? Were the Report's findings about the steep rise in burglaries in the past decade news to the police? Or that it is extremely difficult for the police to protect state witnesses from underworld violence? Or that morale is low among police investigators?

Nobody asked. If not intended merely to placate public opinion, was the appointment of the Buchner Committee perhaps aimed at creating a favourable atmosphere for the increased budget of IL40m. that Dr. Burg is now asking for? After all, every minister com-

plaints that he cannot satisfactorily because of funds. Are all of Dr. Burg's remedies dependent money? And, what about men who are to be transferred to the field? have they been doing up is suddenly no longer nec Nobody asked.

When was Rav-Nitzav pointed Inspector Gen. August 30, in response to in "Ha'aretz" calling for dismissal, Dr. Burg issued a statement declaring that Tavori had been in his post "year" and could not be the ill of Israeli society faults of the police. At the fference, he repeated that been in his job only months.

Nobody challenged the Tavori assumed little December 30, which is si ago and not six, and more than the "100 days that even the Prime M requested. And Tavori ment was approved by t even before that — on 1 1976. That gave him two months before his swe think about what reform introduce when he took o

THE CHARGE that c made against Tavori is, not that he is to blame, for this or that, but that he himself is incapable of a police force of corruption reforming it that it is cap ing with a sophisticated v

It has been charged th allergic to officers who made their way up the have been parachute positions from othe. walk who have daring and unc ideas about how to mak more effective. It has b that his prejudice is so s have led five senior offic from the force since T pointment. If this is true, be able to do any more i than he has done in eigh Nobody asked.

READERS' LETTERS

THE TENANTS' PROTECTION LAW

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — From time to time, complicated but inconclusive arguments are presented in support of and in opposition to the abolition of the Tenants' Protection Law. Even those who support the tenants have been unable to produce valid justification of their stand.

The law was originally an emergency measure to protect the weak against the strong. Today, it no longer fulfills its purpose. It protects the strong against the weak. Protected tenants include merchants, shopkeepers, industrialists and professionals who often occupy alone premises which would be spacious enough to accommodate large families.

Tenants are free to give up their premises whenever they want to and collect two thirds of the key money. Tax free. The unfortunate landlord pays income tax on his third of the key money, must accept a new protected tenant and is compelled to share repair expenses.

Thus the present law divides citizens according to labels — tenant and landlord — and not according to merit: it discriminates against landlords, making them second-class citizens.

Since this particular law no longer serves the purpose it was drawn up for, it should be repealed.

SHOA BENIN

Jerusalem.

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — My husband and I started our married life together in this country as new immigrants and a young couple at a time when neither of these designations entitled us to any help. Nor did it occur to us for one moment to expect any.

Being unable to buy a flat, we were forced to find one for key money, and the sum we paid was about half the then market value of the flat. We

Jerusalem.

HOLOCAUST DAY PROPOSAL

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The proposal to move (Holocaust Day) should be welcomed by all educators since, at present, this day comes only a week before Memorial Day. These occasions on both of these occasions lose their effectiveness due to their similar manner of observance and the closeness of the two dates. Many years ago, the rabbis of Israel decided to make the 10th of Tivet (a traditional day of mourning since the biblical period) the day of Kaddish

for the martyrs of the Holocaust whose death date is unknown. I suggest that this date should be chosen for Holocaust Day.

Since the 10th of Tivet occurs during the winter when school is in session, the occasion can be fully utilized to teach our children the tragedy and message of the Holocaust, as well as to rehabilitate a traditional day of national sorrow now mostly neglected by all but the ultra observant.

JOSHUA ELDER

Jerusalem.

Moshe Dayan speaks out...

on the territories, settlement plans, and his role in the Likud Government, in an interview with Lea Ben Dor.

The controversy over new settlements is examined in a special series of articles by a Jerusalem Post team.

Historian Walter Laquer tells Wolf Blitzer about the "impending crunch" in U.S.-Israel relations.

A Conservative rabbi describes a unique High Holy Day experience on a secular kibbutz.

A year-end Dry Bones, and much more holiday reading in a 32-page Rosh Hashana Supplement,

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SIDEWALKS: NOT SO SIMPLE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — More than 10 years ago, the question of the sidewalks in Tel Aviv was brought up for discussion at the now defunct Citizens' Committee for a Cleaner Tel Aviv. Now the city has finally passed a by-law, but the whole problem is handled in a very amateurish way.

The sidewalks will not look cleaner if they are just swept; there are large stretches of pavement without a single piece of paper, yet the pavement still looks dirty.

The problem is first of all a question of maintenance and then one of proper cleaning. The sidewalks are in a terrible state, with broken stones and broken borders. The Municipality must first repair them. Then they must be cleaned with soap and water.

And why discuss this problem with the Merchants' Association only? What about the banks, cinemas, synagogues, hotels, cafes, kiosks, post offices, hospitals, private homes, etc.?

While we are at it, the Municipality must also see to it that the benches, post-boxes, traffic signs and street signs are cleaned. After that, a repair campaign is urgently needed for the roads, many of which are in a terrible state and constitute a danger to traffic.

But the main problem remains the creation of a spirit of cooperation between the citizen and the Municipality — only then, will we have cleaner cities.

J. ROSS

Ramat Gan

...AND JERUSALEM

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I was interested to read about Tel Aviv's law that merchants are responsible for cleaning and keeping clean the sidewalks outside their stores.

For many a year now I have advocated that owners of stores and houses here in Jerusalem be required to keep their sidewalks clean. They protested that that was the work of the municipality, with the consequence that the sidewalks are always dirty. The street cleaners do not live and work in the same places all day. The merchants, the owners, the tenants do.

I want to congratulate Tel Aviv on having passed the law and recommend that Jerusalem do likewise.

BET GOLDSTEIN

Jerusalem

UNITY OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I find it most distressing to see the constantly reiterated claim by Conservative and Reform rabbis that they represent the majority of American Jewry. Even more depressing is a reference in your paper of August 19 to them as representing the majority of "observant" Jews "in the free world."

The only logical way to make an assertion of membership is to find out the number of Jews who practise the brand of Judaism to which they are nominally affiliated. Here it may be illuminating to point out that "Conservative Jews are those who belong to Conservative synagogues; they don't believe in Conservative Judaism, nor do they practise it."

This is not a quote from an Orthodox Rabbi, but from the introduction to a symposium on "The Congregational Rabbi and the Conservative Synagogue," to which was devoted almost the entire Winter 1975 issue of "Conservative Judaism."

The only movement which maintains a vibrant, healthy and practising laity consisting of (and this is a low estimate) 100,000 to 200,000 or more adherents is the Orthodox movement.

If we are then to adopt norms based on numbers to determine the "Law of Return" for converts, let us deal with those to whom Judaism is a vital part of their lives. In the U.S. at least, this would include possibly 7,000 clergy of the Conservative and Reform movements, plus a minimal (by their own admission) number of laymen, as opposed to a h community of 100,000. It means times 10.

As much as the Conservative Reform movements may so, they should recognize are the ones splitting Jud are the ones who have, t tions, led to classes of J free world that are r halachically.

It is the fact that the deleg come to Israel fr movements stop moult platitudes about "the u Jewish people" (which destroyed). Instead they to do something practice

If the Conservative or F wishes to condone Shabbat, or eating items be questionable if not do bidden, or using an organ ple, or anything else, he is not affecting the l Jewish people and its i tegrit. The moment he area of interpersonal re — marriage, divorce, co every deviation from H less than a gash in the Jewish people.